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NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. HEMLOCK LAKE DAM, INVENTORY NUMBER--ETC(U)
SEP 79 G KOCH DACW51-79-C-0001

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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report provides information and analysis on the physical condition of the dam as of the report date. Information and analysis are based on visual inspection of the dam by the performing organization. Hemlock Lake Dam did not reveal any conditions which pose an immediate threat to life or property. Total spillway discharge capacity not sufficient to pass RMP. Consequently, spillway capacity is considered inadequate. Several deficiencies noted.		

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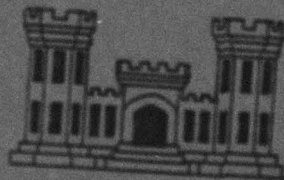
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GENESEE RIVER BASIN

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

LIVINGSTON COUNTY, NEW YORK
INVENTORY No. NY 477

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



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NEW YORK DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS
SEPTEMBER 1979

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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GENESEE RIVER BASIN
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477
Phase I Inspection Report

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PHASE I REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Hemlock Lake Dam - I.D. No. N.Y. 477
State Located: New York
County: Livingston
Watershed: Genesee River Basin
Stream: Springwater Creek
Date of Inspection: June 13, 1979

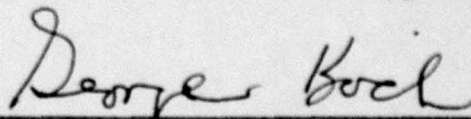
ASSESSMENT

Examination of available documents and a visual inspection of the dam did not reveal conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

Several deficiencies were noted on this structure. Portions of the riprap on the upstream face to the west of the spillway had been damaged by wave action. Wave action has also formed triangular voids in the corners of a number of the concrete slabs on the upstream slope to the east of the spillway. Other deficiencies include the spalling and deteriorated concrete on the spillway structure and the trees growing on the downstream slope of the eastern end of the dam.

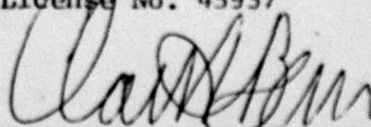
These deficiencies should be corrected within a period of 1 year of the date of final approval of this report.

The total discharge capacity of the spillway is not sufficient to pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). However, the discharge capacity is sufficient with one or more stopgates operational to pass one-half the PMF. Therefore, the spillway capacity is considered to be inadequate.



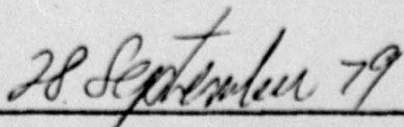
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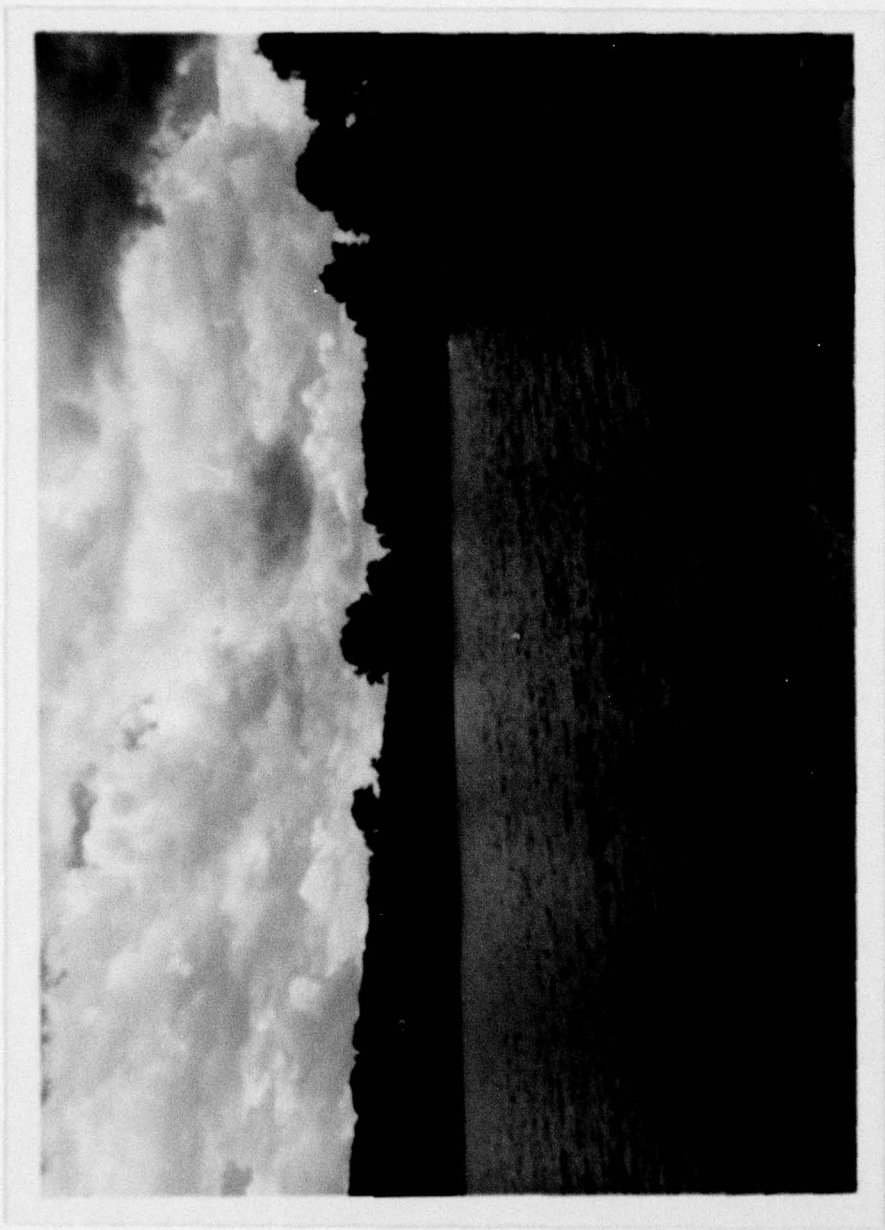
Approved By:



Col. Clark H. Benn
New York District Engineer

Date:





OVERVIEW
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
I.D. No. N.Y. 477
#41D-326
GENESEE RIVER BASIN

SECTION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

The Phase 1 inspection reported herein was authorized by the Department of the Army, New York District, Corps of Engineers, to fulfill the requirements of the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

b. Purpose of Inspection

This inspection was conducted to evaluate the existing conditions of the dam, to identify deficiencies and hazardous conditions, to determine if these deficiencies constitute hazards to life and property, and to recommend remedial measures where required.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenant Structures

The Hemlock Lake Dam is an earth dam with an overflow spillway channel near the center of the structure. The embankment has a maximum height of 12 feet and a length of 3200 feet. The crest is 20 feet wide. The embankment slopes on the upstream face are 1 vertical on 3 horizontal. On the downstream face, the embankment slopes vary from 1 vertical on 3 horizontal on either end to 1 vertical on 1½ horizontal in the center section. The portion of the upstream face to the east of the principal spillway has been armored with concrete slabs for wave protection. The remainder of the upstream slope is covered with stone paving and riprap.

The spillway is a concrete ogee section with a foot bridge crossing the top. Concrete piers for the bridge divide the spillway into eight bays each 8.1 feet wide. The opening between the bottom of the bridge and the crest of the ogee on each of the bays is 8.5 feet. There are provisions for channel stopgates to be placed in each of the bays.

Concrete wingwalls form the approach channel to the spillway and the channel beyond the ogee section. The channel bottom upstream of the spillway crest is stone paving while downstream of the crest the bottom is lined with concrete. The ogee section and the wingwalls are supported on timber piles. A row of steel sheet piling extends approximately 30 feet below the upstream toe of the ogee section. This row of sheeting also extends beyond both ends of the spillway.

The outlet to a 60-inch diameter conduit which carries a portion of the flow from the Canadice Outlet into this reservoir is a concrete structure located 300 feet east of the spillway on the upstream slope of the embankment. The inlet to this conduit is at the Curve Dam on the Canadice Outlet.

The intake structure for the water supply system is located on the eastern end of the dam. It consists of a 60-inch pipe which extends approximately 1500 feet out into the lake. Gravity withdrawal from the lake is possible down to a lake level elevation of 887.3. Two centrifugal, low-lift pumps are available which may be used to draw the lake level down to about elevation 878.3.

b. Location

The dam is located at the northern end of Hemlock Lake on Harder Road in the Town of Livonia. The dam is approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from New York State Route 15A and is $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the Village of Hemlock. The stream flowing into the lake is the Springwater Creek, but downstream of the dam it is known as the Hemlock Outlet.

c. Size Classification

The dam is 12 feet high and the reservoir has a storage capacity of 41,101 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the intermediate size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification

The dam is classified as "high" hazard due to the presence of the Village of Hemlock approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles downstream of the dam.

e. Ownership

The dam is owned by the City of Rochester, New York. Mr. Ray Lawrence and Mr. Om Popli from the City Department of Engineering and Maintenance were contacted concerning the inspection. Their address is City Hall, Room 326B, 30 Church Street, Rochester, New York 14614. The Department's phone number is (716) 428-6844.

f. Purpose of Dam

The dam provides a reservoir for water supply for the City of Rochester.

g. Design and Construction History

The dam was originally constructed by the City in the early 1870's. Major revisions to the structure were made in 1926. The revisions involved raising the crest of the dam by five feet and reconstructing the spillway. These revisions were designed by the City of Rochester's Department of Engineering. Construction plans and specifications were available for this reconstruction.

The existing spillway section was constructed in 1935. Engineers from the City's Department of Public Works designed the spillway structure. Plans for these revisions were available and have been included in Appendix F.

h. Normal Operating Procedures

The reservoir is operated as a part of the water supply system for the City of Rochester. The inflow from the conduit connecting the Canadice Outlet to this reservoir can be regulated by a gate on the conduit at the Curve Dam. Water is withdrawn from the reservoir as required through the intake structure for the water supply system. The maximum possible outflow through the water supply conduits is 72.7 cfs for gravity flow and 46.7 cfs for pumped output when the lake level drops below elevation 887.3.

1.3

PERTINENT DATA

a.	<u>Drainage Area (sq. mi.)</u>	43.13
b.	<u>Discharge at Dam</u>	(cfs)
	Spillway (water level at embankment crest)	-
	Existing stopgates - (closed)	2,992
	One end stopgate - (fully open)	6,896
	Both end stopgates - (fully open)	10,799
	Water supply conduits - (lake level above elev. 887.3 gravity flow)	73
	Water supply conduits - (lake level below elev. 887.3 pumped output)	47
c.	<u>Elevation (USGS Datum)</u>	
	Top of Dam	909.8
	Spillway Crest	900.8
	Pipe invert - water supply outflow	887.3
d.	<u>Reservoir Surface Area</u>	(Acres)
	Spillway Crest	2,054
e.	<u>Storage Capacity</u>	(Acre-Feet)
	Top of Dam	41,101
	Spillway Crest	22,356
f.	<u>Dam</u>	
	Earth embankment with concrete slabs and riprap wave protection on upstream slope and a grassed downstream slope.	
	Embankment Length (feet)	3,200
	Slopes (V:H) Upstream	1 on 3
	Downstream Varies from	1 on 1½ to 1 on 3
	Crest Elevation	909.8
	Crest Width (ft.)	20
g.	<u>Spillway</u>	
	Type: Concrete ogee with concrete foot bridge crossing top. Bridge piers divide channel into 8 bays, each 8 feet wide by 8.5 feet high. Provisions made for channel stopgates in each of the bays.	
	Length (feet)	64.0

h. Reservoir Drain

See Appurtenant Structures - Water Supply Conduits.

i. Appurtenant Structures

1) Diversion Conduit From Canadice:

60-inch concrete conduit; 3,800 feet long; carries up to 162 cfs from Curve Dam on Canadice Outlet into Hemlock Lake with concrete outlet structure on upstream face of Hemlock Lake Dam.

2) Water Supply Conduits:

Intake consists of a 60-inch diameter pipe which extends approximately 1,550 feet into the lake. Maximum output 72.7 cfs in gravity flow. 46.7 cfs pumped output when lake level drops below elevation 887.3.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

a. Geology

The Hemlock Lake Dam is located in the glaciated Alleghany Plateau physiographic province of New York State. The dam is in one of the Finger Lakes' troughs, which are glacially modified valleys of preglacial rivers. The bedrock in the area consists primarily of Early Upper Devonian Era shales, siltstones, and sandstones. The surficial soils are the result of glaciations during the Cenozoic Era, the last of which was the Wisconsin glaciation.

b. Subsurface Investigations

The subsurface information available was limited to general descriptions supplied on old dam inspection reports. These reports indicate that the soil in the area is predominantly glacial till.

c. Embankment

Only limited data was available concerning the design of the embankment. This data consisted of construction specifications from the 1926 contract, which established material and compaction requirements for the embankment.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS

Some construction records were available from the 1926 contract, which raised and enlarged the existing dike. Plans, construction specifications, and correspondence concerning construction were used in the preparation of this report.

2.3 OPERATION RECORDS

The dam is visually inspected on an irregular basis. Lake levels are recorded daily by the City of Rochester's Bureau of Water. These records are kept at the Bureau's office at 10 Felix Street in Rochester.

2.4 EVALUATION OF DATA

The data presented in this report was obtained from the Department of Environmental Conservation files and from the records of the City of Rochester. Subsurface information was limited, but overall, the information available appears to be adequate and reliable for Phase 1 inspection purposes.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

Visual inspection of the Hemlock Lake Dam was conducted on June 13, 1979. The weather was sunny and the temperature was in the mid-sixties. The water surface at the time of the inspection was approximately 1 foot above the spillway crest. However, no water was flowing over the spillway since there were a minimum of 2 feet of flashboards in place in each of the eight bays of the spillway.

b. Embankment

Most of the embankment was grass covered and in good condition. However, visual inspection revealed several minor deficiencies. The most serious of these deficiencies was failure of the riprap on the upstream slope of the embankment, west of the spillway. Several areas on the riprap had been scoured and subsided due to wave action. The worst depression was adjacent to the spillway channel where the slope paving had dropped by as much as 2 feet. The slope had been partially regraded with additional riprap. Other deficiencies observed included several trees growing on the downstream slope of the embankment on the eastern end of the structure and small voids between some of the concrete slabs on the upstream face. There were also larger voids on a number of the slabs where one corner had been removed by wave action leaving triangular voids 1 foot long by 1 foot deep.

c. Spillway

The spillway was generally in satisfactory condition. No deficiencies were noted on the ogee section, the flashboards, or the downstream apron. The concrete on the upstream portion of the structure was somewhat deteriorated and spalling. There was some minor cracking and separation of patching material on the eastern wingwall upstream of the ogee section. There are mechanical hoists in place on two of the eight bays which are used to raise the flashboards. These two devices, which were located above the outermost bay on either end of the spillway, appeared to be operational.

d. Appurtenant Structures

The appurtenant structures at this location are the concrete inflow structure, which brings a portion of the outflow from Canadice Lake into this lake and the intake for the City of Rochester's water supply system. No deficiencies were observed on either of these structures.

e. Downstream Channel

The outlet channel consisted of the concrete lined apron and vertical concrete walls to a point where it passed under a bridge for a town road, which ran along the toe of the dam. Beyond the bridge, there was a steel bin type retaining wall, which was corroded at the water surface elevation. The channel downstream of this point was cut into natural soil with no severe side slope erosion or debris obstructions in evidence.

f. Reservoir

There were no signs of soil instability in the reservoir area.

3.2 EVALUATION OF OBSERVATIONS

Visual inspection of this structure revealed the following deficiencies:

1. The areas to the west of the spillway which had been scoured resulting in a series of depressions in the riprap;
2. The trees which were growing on the downstream slope of the dam on the eastern end of the structure;
3. Triangular voids at the corners of a number of the concrete slabs on the upstream face;
4. The deteriorated concrete on the spillway and on the retaining walls which form the approach channel to the spillway.

SECTION 4: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURE

This reservoir is operated as the primary source to the City of Rochester's upland water supply system. Water is withdrawn through the 60-inch diameter intake which extends into the lake. Gravity withdrawal from the lake is possible down to the lake level of 887.3. The lake level may then be lowered to elevation 878.3 by the operation of two centrifugal, low-lift pumps.

Flows may also be controlled by the addition or removal of stopgates in the spillway. At present, there are mechanical hoists in place on two of the eight bays. These hoists may be used for the removal of the stopgates. The other stopgates can only be removed by using a mobile crane located on the embankment.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

The dam is maintained by the City of Rochester. Grass on the embankment is mowed regularly and the pumps for the intake conduit are tested monthly. Other minor maintenance functions are performed as necessary.

4.3 WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

No apparent warning system is present.

4.4 EVALUATION

While the operation procedures of this structure appear to be satisfactory, maintenance procedures are deficient. Additional maintenance efforts are required on certain portions of the structure. The concrete on the spillway is spalling and deteriorated, and portions of the riprap on the upstream slope need to be regraded.

SECTION 5: HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

The delineation of the contributing watershed to this dam is shown on the map entitled "Drainage Area - Hemlock Lake Dam" (Appendix C). The irregular-shaped watershed of over 43 square miles lies primarily between two ridgelines. The relatively steep forested slopes extend upward from the edge of Hemlock Lake (at elevation 901) to the ridges at elevations ranging from 1380 to 2230. Runoff enters the lake directly from the surrounding watershed through numerous small streams and a larger stream, Springwater Creek, with its tributary, Limekiln Creek. The heavily wooded strip of land immediately adjacent the lake is owned and controlled by the City of Rochester and is used as a buffer between the lightly populated residential development within the watershed and the lake itself.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

A limited amount of hydrologic/hydraulic information was obtained from the City of Rochester, Bureau of Water (see Appendix C). This data (ref. 7) concerned itself with elevation-storage capacity quantities, watershed characteristics, and water supply withdrawal rates.

The analysis of the spillway capacity of this dam was performed using the Corps of Engineers HEC-1 computer program, Dam Safety version. This program develops an inflow hydrograph based upon the "Snyder Synthetic Unit Hydrograph" concept and then flood routs this hydrograph using the "Modified Puls" method, both through the reservoir and over the spillway. The spillway design flood selected for analysis was the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) in accordance with the recommended guidelines of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The concrete ogee-shaped spillway plus the stopgates act in conjunction with the earth embankment in forming the dam at the outlet to Hemlock Lake. The 8 stopgates are 8 feet wide each and can be raised to an opening height of 8.5 feet. Only the two end stopgates have installed an operational lift machinery; the interior six stopgates can be removed only by using a mobile crane. The operation of the stopgates was a reasonable assumption made during the analysis, because of the nearby location of the water treatment plant's operator. The end stopgates were analyzed for orifice flow conditions and the interior stopgates for weir flow conditions. The following table indicates the conditions analyzed:

ANALYSIS CONDITIONS	ONE-HALF PMF			PMF		
			Depth Above 909.8*			Depth Above 909.8*
	Peak Inflow	Peak Outflow		Peak Inflow	Peak Outflow	
1) All stopgates closed (existing on 6/79)	18579	9558	0.72	37157	32728	2.01
2) One end stopgate operational	18579	6802	-0.10	37157	31636	1.76
3) Both end stopgates	18579	8795	-1.28	37157	30139	1.48

Spillway Capacity:

Condition 1)	2992
2)	6896
3)	10799

*Top-of-Dam (Embankment): Elevation 909.8

NOTE: Storage is not allowed to drop below elevation 903.9

The spillway does not have sufficient capacity for discharging the peak outflow from the PMF. For this storm event, the peak inflow is 37,157 cfs and the peak outflow is 30,139 cfs for both end stopgates being operational. However, there is sufficient capacity for discharging the peak outflow of 8,795 cfs from one-half the PMF. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as inadequate.

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

The normal water surface is at or near the top of the lowest stopgate (elevation 903.95). Storage capacity for that elevation is 28,917 acre-feet. Surcharge storage capacity to the top-of-dam (embankment) elevation at 909.8 adds 12,184 acre-feet; equivalent to 5.3 inches of direct runoff over the entire drainage area. The total storage capacity of the dam is 41,101 acre-feet.

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

The maximum known flood occurred on June 23, 1972 from tropical storm Agnes when the water surface exceeded elevation 906. The actual spillway discharge was not known.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

Analyses indicate the spillway does not have sufficient discharge capacity for the PMF. The computed depths of overtopping for this storm event are 2.01 feet, 1.76 feet, or 1.48 feet, respectively, depending upon the operation of the end stopgates (see table - above). For the one-half PMF event with end stopgates operational, the maximum water surface rises to 0.10 feet (one stopgate) and 1.28 feet (two stopgates), respectively, below the top-of-dam.

During March, 1979, a storm with winds of 70-80 mph occurred over the Hemlock Lake area. The initial spring high lake level and the resulting wave action resulted in spray being carried over the embankment and to the roadway bridge. The embankment was not overtopped by the lake.

5.7 EVALUATION

This dam has sufficient spillway capacity to adequately discharge the peak outflow from one-half the PMF with one end stopgate operational. It does not have sufficient discharge capacity for the PMF event. Therefore, the spillway is assessed as inadequate.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observations

Visual observation of the structure did not reveal any signs of major distress. The upstream slope on the western end of the structure was slightly irregular with depressions which had been caused by wave action.

b. Data Review and Stability Evaluation

The primary source of structural and subsurface information for this dam was the set of plans from the 1935 reconstruction of the spillway section. Information contained on these plans was used to perform a structural stability analysis on this portion of the dam. The following conditions were analyzed:

- a. Normal conditions with reservoir at the spillway crest;
- b. Reservoir at spillway crest with ice load of 5000 lb./ft.;
- c. $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF, water flowing over the spillway crest to a depth of 7.72 feet.

The structural stability of the spillway section under the PMF condition was not analyzed. Since the earth embankment would be overtopped under this condition, the dam is not considered capable of withstanding the flows resulting from the PMF.

The analyses performed (see Appendix D) indicate that the factors of safety against overturning and sliding are as follows:

<u>Case</u>	<u>Factors of Safety</u>	
	<u>Overturning</u>	<u>Sliding</u>
a. Reservoir level at spillway crest, no ice;	3.19	5.07
b. Reservoir level at spillway crest, ice load of 5000 lb./ft.;	1.65	1.73
c. $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF, water flowing 7.72 feet over the spillway crest.	2.31	1.96

The safety factors against sliding are slightly below recommended values for both the ice load and the $\frac{1}{2}$ PMF conditions. However, the analysis did not include the lateral resistance to movement of the timber piles which support the structure. This lateral resistance would help increase the safety factors.

d. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2. While the dam appears to be relatively stable, a seismic stability analysis was performed in accordance with Corps of Engineer's guidelines. The seismic analysis was performed for normal conditions with the water level at the spillway crest. The safety factor against overturning with seismic considerations included is 2.98 and against sliding is 2.88.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

The Phase 1 inspection of the Hemlock Lake Dam did not reveal conditions which constitute a hazard to human life or property. No signs of instability were observed on the earth embankment. The deficiencies which were noted on this structure were relatively minor in nature and do not pose serious hazards to safety.

b. Adequacy of Information

The information available for the preparation of this report was adequate. The only exception was the subsurface information, which was rather limited.

c. Need for Additional Investigation

No additional investigations are needed at this time.

d. Urgency

The deficiencies outlined in Section 7.2 should be corrected within 1 year of the date of final approval of this report.

7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES

- a. The damaged portions of the riprap on the upstream face to the west of the spillway should be repaired. In addition, actions should be taken to prevent the scour problem from occurring in the future.
- b. Triangular voids which exist at the corners of many of the concrete slabs on the upstream slope to the east of the spillway should be repaired.
- c. The deteriorated concrete on the spillway and on the retaining walls for the spillway should be repaired.
- d. The trees which are growing on the downstream slope of the eastern end of the dam should be cut.

APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS



Riprap on Western End of Dam -
Gray Stone Placed Due to Damage by Wave Action



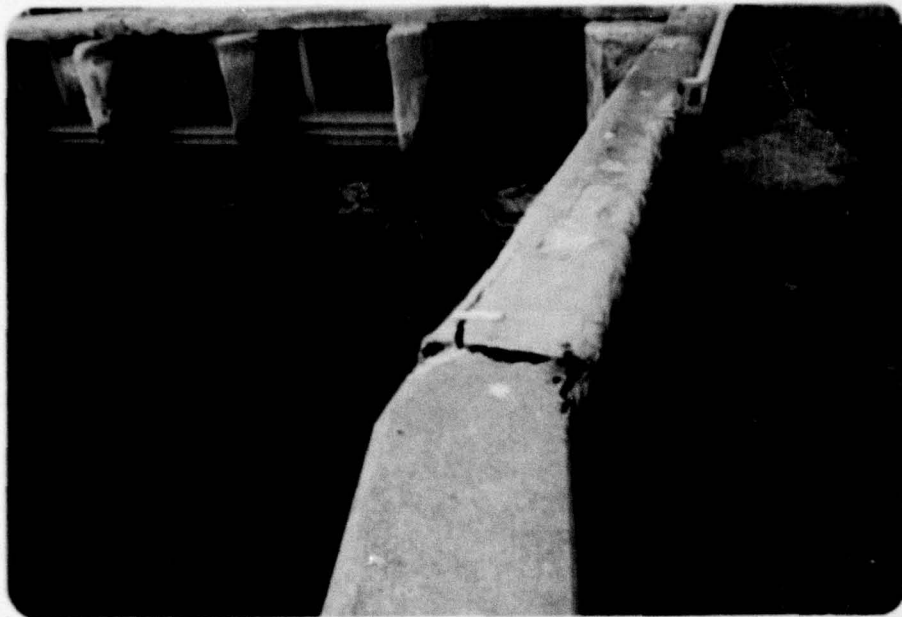
Depression on West End of Spillway Caused by Wave Action



Spillway Section - Channel Stopgates in Place



Spillway - Downstream Portion of Ogee Section



Crack in Patching Material on Wingwall at East End of Spillway



Deterioration of Concrete on Wingwall on East End of Spillway



Deteriorated Concrete on Piers and Bridge Deck; also,
Lifting Device Used for Raising Stopgates



Outlet to Diversion Conduit From the Canadice Outlet



Trees Growing on Downstream Slope at Eastern End of Dam



Eastern End of Dam With Building Housing
The Intake to Water Supply System

APPENDIX B

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

1) Basic Data

a. General

Name of Dam HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

I.D. # NY-477

Location: Town LIVONIA County LIVINGSTON

Stream Name SPRINGWATER CREEK

Tributary of GENESEE RIVER

Latitude (N) 42°-47'-12"

Longitude (W) 77°-37'-00"

Hazard Category C

Date(s) of Inspection 4/13/79

Weather Conditions 65° CLEAR

b. Inspection Personnel R. WARREN W. LYNICK

c. Persons Contacted R. LAWRENCE O. ADPLI (CITY OF ROCHESTER)

d. History:

Date Constructed ORIGINALLY - 1870's
MAJOR REVISIONS - 1926 & 1936

Owner CITY OF ROCHESTER

Designer CITY OF ROCHESTER

Constructed by _____

2) Technical Data

Type of Dam EARTH WITH CONCRETE SPILLWAY STRUCTURE

Drainage Area 43.13 SQ MILES

Height 12' Length 3200'

Upstream Slope 1V:3H Downstream Slope 1V:3H TO 1V:1.5H
(VARIABLE)

3) Embankment

EARTH WITH UPSTREAM SLOPE PROTECTION { WEST - RIPRAP
EAST - CONCRETE SLABS

a. Crest

(1) Vertical Alignment SATISFACTORY ; SLOPING CREST - INTENTIONAL

(2) Horizontal Alignment CURVILINEAR ; SATISFACTORY

(3) Surface Cracks NONE

(4) Miscellaneous _____

b. Slopes

(1) Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows NONE

(2) Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions RIPRAP SUBSIDENCE ADJACENT TO WEST ABUTMENT SPILLWAY WALL

(3) Slope Protection WEST OF SPILLWAY - RIPRAP SUBSIDENCE ; SCOUR AREA EAST OF SPILLWAY - CONCRETE SLABS. SEVERAL LOCATIONS WHERE SLAB CORNERS WERE BROKEN, LEAVING TRIANGULAR HOLES. MINOR SLAB CRACKING, CHIPPED CONCRETE @ SLAB JOINTS (IN AREA OF WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATION) MINOR SLAB EDGE-VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT SOME SLAB SURFACE SPALLING

(4) Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe NA

(5) Seepage NONE

(6) Condition Around Outlet Structure SATISFACTORY

c. Abutments

EXISTING GROUND

(1) Erosion at Embankment and Abutment Contact NONE

(2) Seepage along Contact of Embankment and Abutment NONE

(3) Seepage at toe or along downstream face NONE

d. Downstream Area - below embankment

WETLAND WITHIN 300' OF TDE

(1) Subsidence, Depressions, etc. NONE

(2) Seepage, unusual growth NO

(3) Evidence of surface movement beyond embankment toe NONE

(4) Miscellaneous

e. Drainage System

NONE

4) Instrumentation

(1) Monumentation/Surveys NA

(2) Observation Wells NA

(3) Weirs NA

(4) Piezometers NA

(5) Other

5) Reservoir

a. Slopes FORESTED TO EDGE OF LAKE

b. Sedimentation NONE APPARENT ; SOIL IS ERODIBLE IN THE WATERSHED AREA

6) Spillway(s) (including Discharge Conveyance Channel)

CONCRETE SECTION w/ 8 BAYS INCL. STOPGATES DISCHARGING INTO A
CONCRETE WUED CHANNEL LEADING TO A 2-SPAN BRIDGE

- a. General SATISFACTORY; MINOR CONCRETE SPALLING ON PIER NOSES &
SPILLWAY FOOTBRIDGE

- b. Principle Spillway SATISFACTORY
EASTERN WINGWALL (UPSTREAM) - SOME CONCRETE CRACKING & SPALLING
STOPGATES - SATISFACTORY ALL ARE REMOVABLE EITHER BY LIFTING
MECHANISMS OR BY CRANE

- c. Emergency or Auxillary Spillway NONE

- d. Condition of Discharge Conveyance Channel SATISFACTORY

MINOR CONCRETE DETERIORATION - ROUNDED CORNERS

- e. Stability of Channel side/slopes SATISFACTORY

7) Downstream Channel

- WETLAND WITHIN 300' OF TOE OF EMBANKMENT ; THEN NATURAL
CHANNEL (HEMLOCK OUTLET) TO HEMLOCK VILLAGE
- a. Condition (debris, etc.) STEEL BIN-TYPE RETAINING WALL IMMEDIATELY
ADJACENT & DOWNSTREAM OF BRIDGE - CORRODED & PERFORATED @ WATERLINE
REMAINDER - NATURAL CHANNEL
- b. Slopes NA
- c. Approximate number of homes VILLAGE OF HEMLOCK

8) Reservoir Drain/Outlet

Type: Pipe _____ Conduit _____ Other NONE

Material: Concrete _____ Metal _____ Other _____

Size: _____ Length _____

Invert Elevations: Entrance _____ Exit _____

Physical Condition (describe): _____ Unobservable _____

Material: _____

Joints: _____ Alignment: _____

Structural Integrity: _____

Hydraulic Capability: _____

Means of Control: Gate _____ Valve _____ Uncontrolled _____

Operation: Operable _____ Inoperable _____ Other _____

Present Condition (describe): _____

9) Structural

- a. Concrete Surfaces MINOR SURFACE SPALLING & DETERIORATION ON
PIER NOSES, SPILLWAY FOOTBRIDGE
- b. Structural Cracking - @ UPSTREAM CORNER OF EAST WINGWALL; SOME
ON FOOTBRIDGE
- c. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) NONE
- d. Junctions with Abutments or Embankments SATISFACTORY
- e. Drains - Foundation, Joint, Face NA
- f. Water passages, conduits, sluices SLUICES - SATISFACTORY
- g. Seepage or Leakage NONE

- h. Joints - Construction, etc. SATISFACTORY
CONCRETE SLABS - BITUMINOUS FILLER MATERIAL LACKING @ SOME JOINTS
- i. Foundation _____
- j. Abutments _____
- k. Control Gates OPERATIONAL (2 END STARGATES) ; 6 INTERIOR STARGATES
REQUIRE REMOVAL USING A MOBILE CRANE
- l. Approach & Outlet Channels SATISFACTORY
- m. Energy Dissipators (plunge pool, etc.) NONE
- n. Intake Structures _____
- o. Stability _____
- p. Miscellaneous _____

APPENDIX C




HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC
ENGINEERING DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

AREA-CAPACITY DATA:

	<u>Elevation</u> (ft.)	<u>Surface Area</u> (acres)	<u>Storage Capacity</u> (acre-ft.)
TOP OF CONC. ABUTS.	910.3		42 113
1) Top of Dam	<u>909.8</u>		<u>41 101</u>
2) Design High Water (Max. Design Pool)			
3) Auxiliary Spillway Crest	<u>NONE</u>		
4) Pool Level with ^{4-EXTERIOR}	904.7		
SPILLGATES XXXXXXXXXX ^{4-INTERIOR}	903.9		
5) Service Spillway Crest	<u>900.8</u>	<u>2054</u>	<u>22 356</u>

[DATUM : 1935 PLANS + 507.27 = USGS ELEVATIONS]

DISCHARGES

	Volume (cfs)
1) Average Daily	NA
2) Spillway  BOTH END STORGATES ← OPERATING →	10,799
3) Spillway  ONE END STORGATE	6.896
4) Spillway  STORGATES CLOSED	2.992
5) Low Level Outlet (MAX. WATER SUPPLY - GRAVITY WITHDRAWAL) PUMPED WITHDRAWAL	72.7 46.7
6) Total (of all facilities) @ Maximum High Water	NA
7) Maximum Known Flood	UNKNOWN
8) At Time of Inspection	NONE

CREST:

ELEVATION: 909.8Type: INCLUDED EARTH EMBANKMENTWidth: 30'Length: 3000'Spillover CONCRETE OGEE SPILLWAY (8 BAYS) WITH STOPGATESLocation NEAR WEST END OF EMBANKMENT

SPILLWAY:

PRINCIPAL

EMERGENCY

900.8

Elevation

CONCRETE OGEE-SHAPED

Type

NONE8' WIDE X 8 BAYS = (64') (NET)

Width

Type of Control

Uncontrolled

2 EXTERIOR - IN PLACE MECHANICAL
GATES LIFTING MACHINERY

Controlled:

STOPGATES

Type

(Flashboards; gate)

4 INTERIOR BAYS - 4 HIGH

4 EXTERIOR " - 5 HIGH

Number

8' WIDE X 9" HIGH CHANNELS
ACT AS A UNIT

Size/Length

Invert Material

Anticipated Length
of operating serviceNA

Chute Length

2.5'Height Between Spillway Crest
& Approach Channel Invert
(Weir Flow)

HYDROMETEROLOGICAL GAGES:

Type : NONE ; DAILY WATER SURFACE LEVELS RECORDED @ WATER TREATMENT PLANT (EAST END OF EMBANKMENT)

Location: _____

Records:

Date - _____

Max. Reading - _____

FLOOD WATER CONTROL SYSTEM:

Warning System: NONE APPARENT

Method of Controlled Releases (mechanisms):

OPERATION OF THE STORGATES

GRAVITY WITHDRAWAL THRU THE WATER SUPPLY INTAKE

DRAINAGE AREA: 43.13 SQ MILES

DRAINAGE BASIN RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS:

Land Use - Type: FORESTED; CITY-CONTROLLED BUFFER STRIP AROUND LAKE
LIGHTLY POPULATED IN REMAINDER OF WATERSHED

Terrain - Relief: STEEP

Surface - Soil: ERODIBLE

Runoff Potential (existing or planned extensive alterations to existing
(surface or subsurface conditions)

DEVELOPMENT - HINDERED BY CITY-OWNED LANDS

Potential Sedimentation problem areas (natural or man-made; present or future)

NA

Potential Backwater problem areas for levels at maximum storage capacity
including surcharge storage:

NONE

Dikes - Floodwalls (overflow & non-overflow) - Low reaches along the
Reservoir perimeter:

Location: NONE

Elevation: _____

Reservoir:

Length 7.2 (Miles)

Length of Shoreline (@ 17.1 (Miles)

ELEV. 205

PROJECT GRID

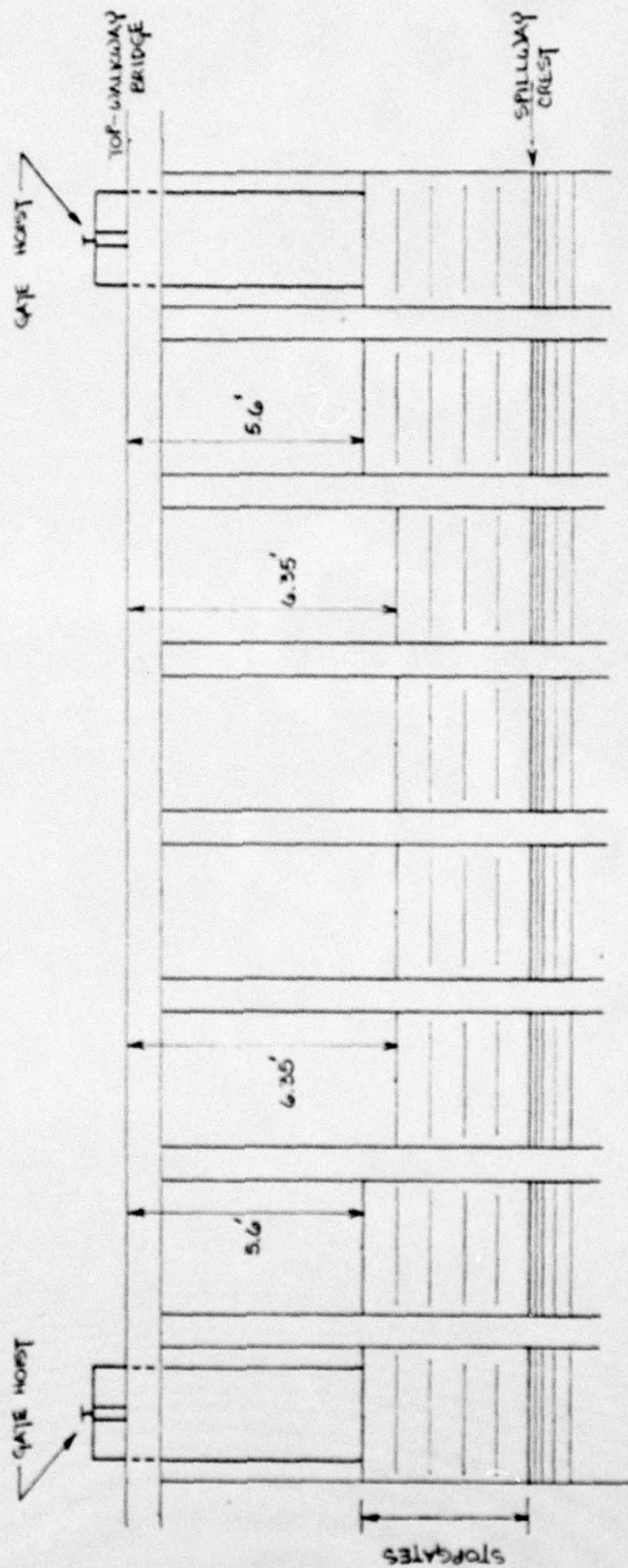
JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		SHEET NO. 1/		CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 7/17/79

DRAINAGE AREA: USGS 7.5' QUAD		SCALE: 1" = 2000'			
		1 IN. = 21.827 ACRES			
		PLANIMETER CALIBRATION: 1 IN. = 2.6			
QUAD NAME	AREA	ACTUAL			
SPRINGWATER	DIVERSION STRUCTURE DR. AREA	4.48			
HONEOYE		16.21			
TOTAL:		20.69	34.48	3116.2 ACRES 4.95 SQ MILES	
HONEOYE	HEMLOCK LAKE SURFACE	@ 305	22.37	2054.9 ACRES (3.21 SQ MILES)	
HONEOYE	AREA - 305	3.60	@ 920		
	CONTOUR - 920	4.05	30.08	2762.2 ACRES (4.22 SQ MILES)	
SPRINGWATER	AREA - 305	2.80			
	CONTOUR - 920	14.00			
			LONGEST DRAINAGE PATH TO DAM		
HONEOYE	DRAINAGE AREA	9.69	L = 9545'		
			16.18 MILES		
SPRINGWATER	@	46.99			
	HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	58.49			
WAYLAND		37.05			
RAVENHILL		1.45			
		0.46			
CONESUS		6.60			
		10.33			
LIVONIA		2.28	300.57	27600.4 ACRES 43.18 SQ MILES	
TOTAL:		180.34			

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		SHEET NO. 2/		CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS				COMPUTED BY WCL		DATE 7/13/79	
DR. AREA = 43.13 SQ MILES		L = 95450' 10.13 MILES		L _{CA} = 39500' 7.22 MILES		C _E = 2	
LAG TIME: $t_p = C_E (L \cdot L_{CA})^{0.5}$							
$t_p = 8.37 \text{ HRS}$							
UNIT RAIN DURATION: $t_r = \frac{t_p}{5.5}$							
$t_r = 1.52 \text{ HRS}$ (USE $t_r = 1.5 \text{ HR}$)							
ADJUSTED LAG TIME: $TP = t_p + 0.25(t_p - t_r)$							
$TP = 8.37 \text{ HRS}$ C_p = 0.425							
TRANSPOSITION FACTOR: $TRSPC = 1 - \frac{0.3008}{(DA)^{1.7713}}$							
$TRSPC = 0.85$							
LOSS RATES (SOIL):							
SOIL CLASSIFICATION =		YANUSIA (SCS-C)		INITIAL = 1.0		CONSTANT = 0.1	
		BATH (SCS-C)					
BASE FLOW:		2 CFS/SQ MILE		USE		44 CFS	
PRECIPITATION: PMP							
	200 SQ MI / 24 HR	6	12	24	48		
ZONE 1	21.5"	94	107	118	125		
SITE	21.5"	97	108	120	128		
ZONE 2	21.5"	99	109	121	131		

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
 NY-477
 FIELD MEASUREMENTS - 6/79



WEST
 ABUT.

EAST
 ABUT.

STOPGATE = 4 OR 5 9" HIGH CHANNELS WELDED WITH 3" WOOD SEAT @ SPILLWAY CREST

TO HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
NY-477

From
SANDY VREELAND
WATER SUPERINTENDENT - ROCHESTER

Subject STOP GATES @ SPILLWAY

ELEV. - DATUM

Date PROJECTED
8/16/79

Message

- 1) STOP GATES ARE WELDED TOGETHER ; CONSIDER EACH AS ONE UNIT
- 2) EXISTING IN-PLACE GEAR HOIST(S) ON EACH END OF THE SPILLWAY CAN LIFT THE GATE SILL TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE SLAB ELEVATION
- 3) THE 4 INTERIOR STOP GATES MUST BE REMOVED USING A MOBILE CRANE PLACED ON THE EARTH EMBANKMENT (@ CREST OR BE)
- 4) 1235 SET OF DRAWINGS :
GIVEN ELEVATIONS + SC&35 EQUAL ELEVATIONS (7/27/79 LETTER)
REFERENCED TO BARGE CANAL @ ROCHESTER
DATUM

SIGNED WCL

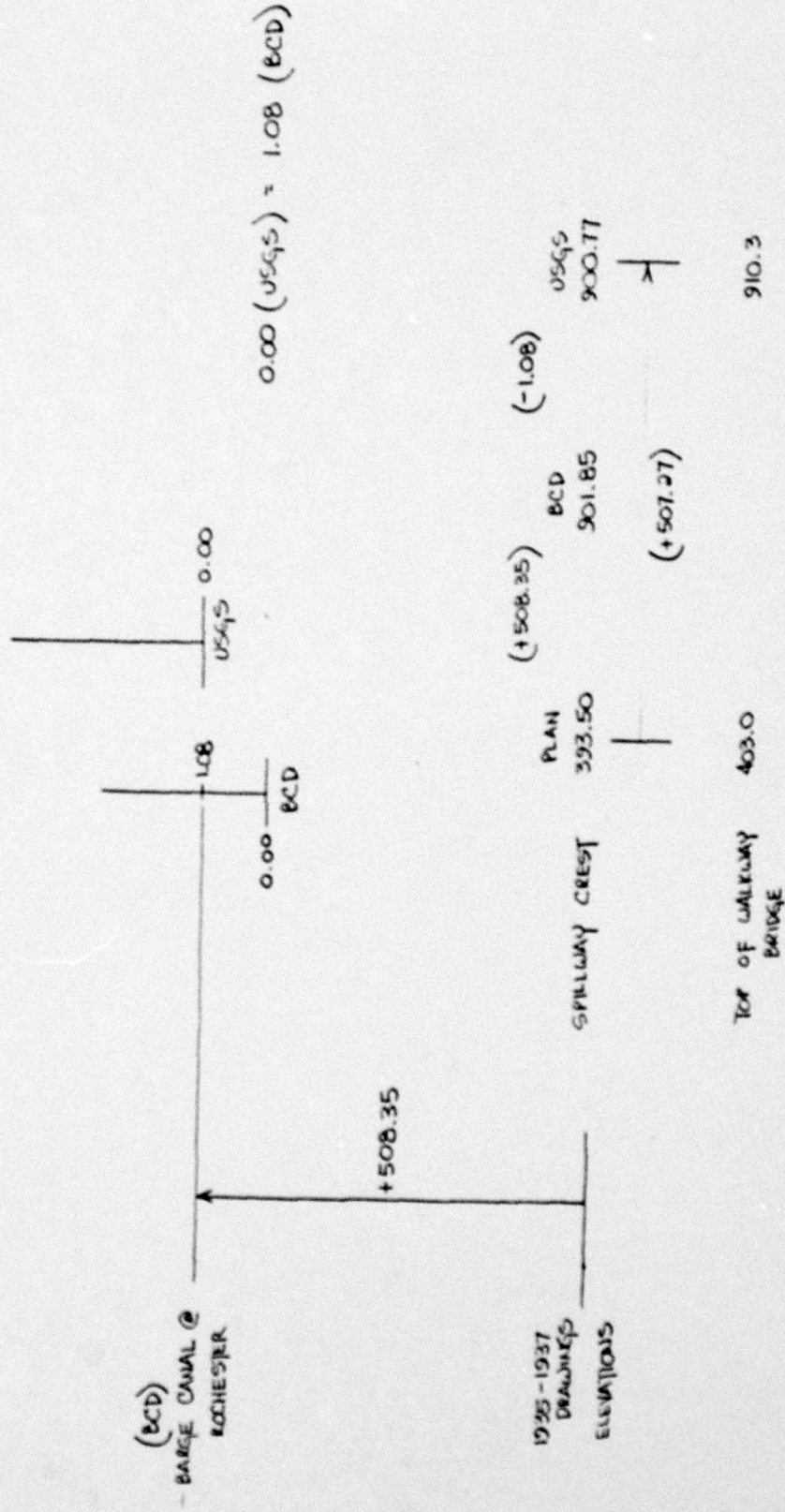
Reply - NONE

DATE

[ROCHESTER AREA]

HEMLOCK LAKE DAM
NY - 477

DATUM (ELEVATION) CONVERSION



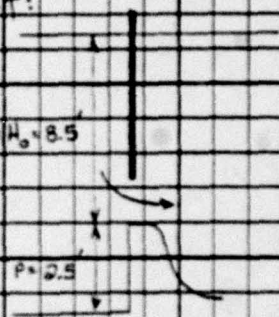
PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		3/					
SUBJECT		COR = CITY OF ROCHESTER		COMPUTED BY		DATE	
STAGE - AREA - CAPACITY DATA				WCL		8/16/79	
EXISTING DATA:				STORAGE			
DESCRIP.	STAGE (COR)	MALCOLM PINE (5/1977)	AC-FT (TOTAL)	X 10 ³ FT ³ (TOTAL)	GALS. (PINE)	AC-FT	
WATER SUPPLY OUTFLOW - INVERT	887.3	887.3					
	11.5'		14283	621	11 x 10 ³	32770	
BASE + CREST	898.8						
	3'		22356	372			
SPILLWAY CREST	901.8	905.8					
	8.5'		41101	1787			
TOP - DAM EARTH	910.3						
	0.5'		42113	1831			
TOP - CONC ABUT. @ SPILLWAY	910.8						
1935 DRAWINGS: DATUM IS <u>NOT</u> USED DO NOT USE PLAN ELEVATIONS ←							
1937							
FOR ANALYSIS:							
SPILLWAY CREST = 900.8							

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		SHEET NO. 4		CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT STORAGE CAPACITY				COMPUTED BY WCL		DATE 8/16/79	
USE CITY OF ROCHESTER - DATA :				DIRECT CONVERSION - ELEVATIONS			
				1985 PLUS + 507.3 = STAGE			
DESCRIPTION	STAGE	ΔH	ΔV	VOL (AC - FT)			
(5/77 PIERCE 47)	287.3			—			
UPP. EDGE OF CREST	292.3			14283			
SPILLWAY CREST	290.8			22356			
		3.15'	4561				
(INTERIOR 4	293.95			28917			
TOP STOP GATES - 8		0.75'	1562				
(EXTERIOR 4	294.7			30479			
				13-18.080C			
→ DP EARTH EMB.	299.8			41101			
	(-0.5')			—			
→ DP CONC. ABUTS & WALKWAY BRIDGE	290.3			42113			

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM				SHEET NO. 5/		CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT DISCHARGE CAPACITIES						COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 8/16/79
EXISTING SPILLWAY - VERTICAL GATE (1-EACH END) IS OPERATIONAL							
WIDTH = 9' - 1. NO END CONTRACTIONS							
ORIFICE - SUBMERGED FLOW							
$Q = CA\sqrt{2gH}$ A - VARIES WITH H C - VARIES " H $Q = 0.025CA\sqrt{H}$				[DESIGN OF SMALL DAMS - E. W. FLETCHER, 2ND ED. FIG. 249] CREE-SHAPED CREST: $P/H_0 = 2.294$ $(MAX) H_0 = 8.5$ $C = 3.67$			
							
				FIG. 249			
STAGE	H	P/H	C	A	ORIFICE CENTER H	Q	(BOTH GATES) Q
SPILLWAY CREST	900.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	901	0.2	3.95	1.6	0.1	16	32
	902	1.3	3.34	9.6	0.6	335	470
	903	2.2	3.90	17.6	1.1	578	1156
TOP INTER. GATES	903.95	3.15	3.86	25.2	1.58	981	1962
	904	3.2	3.86	25.6	1.6	1003	2006
TOP ADJACENT GATES	904.7	3.9	3.84	31.2	1.95	1343	2686
	905	4.2	3.82	33.6	2.1	1493	2986
	906	5.2	3.79	41.6	2.6	2040	4080
	907	6.2	3.76	48.6	3.1	2635	5270
	908	7.2	3.73	57.6	3.6	3271	6542
	909	8.2	3.68	65.6	4.1	3923	7846
SLAB UNDERSIDE	909.3	8.5	3.67	68	4.25	4129	8258
TOP SLAB	910.3	9.5	3.65	68	4.75	4341	8682

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		SHEET NO. 6/	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT DISCHARGE CAPACITIES		COMPUTED BY WCL		DATE 8/17/79
EXISTING SPILLWAY - ALL STOPGATES REMOVED				
$Q = CLH^{3/2}$				
8 OPENINGS @ 8' WIDE EACH = 64'				
ENDS OF ABUTMENTS - ROUNDED $K_0 = 0$				
7 POINTED-NOSED PERS $K_p = 0$				
$L = L' - 0(NK_p + K_0)H$ $N = 7$				
$L = 64'$				
$C = \text{VARIES WITH } H$ [SEE SHT 5/ - OSEE SHAPED CREST (P/H vs C)] FIG. 249				
STAGE	H	C	Q	
900.8	—	—	—	
901	0.2	3.95	22.6	
902	1.0	3.94	33.1	
903	2.0	3.9	41.4	
904	3.0	3.86	44.4	
905	4.0	3.82	47.04	
906	5.0	3.79	487.6	
907	6.0	3.76	3715	
908	7.0	3.73	4612	
909	8.0	3.68	5530	
909.3	8.5	3.67	5821	
910.3	9.5	3.65	6240	

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO. 7/	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT DISCHARGE CAPACITIES		COMPUTED BY WCL	DATE 8/17/79

EXISTING SPILLWAY WITH SIDEGATES IN PLACE (SEE 4/79 FIELD MEASUREMENTS)

SHARP CRESTED WEIR - NO SIDE CONTRACTIONS

REF: HANDBOOK OF HYDRAULICS
KING & BRATER 5TH ED.
(EQU 5-23) (APPROACH VEL. < 5 f/s)

$$C = 3.33 \left(1 + 0.25 \frac{H}{d} \right) \quad d = P + H$$

$$Q = CLH^{3/2}$$

L = 8'

C - VARIES WITH H

STAGE	303.95 4 - INTERIOR P = 3.15'					304.7 4 - EXTERIOR P = 3.9'					TOTAL 5-GATES
	H	d	C	Q	4Q	H	d	C	Q	4Q	
303.95	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
304	0.05	3.2	3.33	3	12	—	—	—	—	—	12
304.7	0.75	3.9	3.36	17.5	70	—	—	—	—	—	70
305	1.05	4.2	3.38	29.1	116	0.3	4.2	3.33	4.4	18	134
306	2.05	5.2	3.46	81.2	325	1.3	5.2	3.38	40.1	160	485
307	3.05	6.2	3.54	151	604	2.3	6.2	3.45	96.3	385	989
308	4.05	7.2	3.60	235	940	3.3	7.2	3.51	168	672	1612
309	5.05	8.2	3.66	332	1328	4.3	8.2	3.57	255	1020	2348
309.3 SLAB	5.35	8.5	3.67	363	1452	4.6	8.5	3.58	283	1132	2584
310.3	6.35	9.5	3.7	470	1880	5.6	9.5	3.6	380	1520	3400

PROJECT GRID

JOB		SHEET NO.		CHECKED BY		DATE	
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM		8/					
SUBJECT				COMPUTED BY		DATE	
DISCHARGE CAPACITIES				WCL		8/17/79	
EXISTING SPILLWAY - END STOPGATES OPERATIONAL							
GOR 7 - INTERIOR STOPGATES IN-PLACE (w/79 FIELD CONDITIONS)							
	ONE	BOTH	ADJACENT GATES		INTERIOR	TOTAL Q	
STAGE	END GATE (SHT 5)	END GATES (SHT 5)	2	3	4 GATES	w/1-END GATE	w/ BOTH END GATES
900.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
901	16	32				16	32
902	235	470				235	470
903	578	1156				578	1156
903.95	981	1962			—	981	1962
904	1003	2006			10	1015	2018
904.7	1343	2686	—	—	70	1413	2756
905	1493	2986	9	13	116	1622	3111
906	2040	4080	80	120	325	2485	4485
907	2635	5270	192	289	604	3528	6066
908	3271	6542	336	504	940	4715	7818
909	3923	7846	510	765	1328	6016	9684
909.3	4129	8258	566	849	1452	6430	10276
SLAB -							
910.3	4341	8682	720	1140	1880	7361	11322



City of Rochester

Bureau of Water
Department of
Environmental Services

10 Felix Street
Rochester, New York 14608

July 27, 1979

RE: Hemlock Lake Dam NY-477
Canadice Lake Dam NY-443

This is in response to your letter of June 20, 1979 to Mr. Gassman requesting information on the subject dams. The responses are identified in the order of the items requested:

- A 1) Drainage areas
Hemlock Lake 48.0 sq. mi.
Canadice Lake 12.6 sq. mi.
- 2) NOTE: For the specific elevations listed we are only able to provide storage capacities. We have no table which lists surface areas at various elevations.

Refer to enclosed pages 12, 13, and 14 of May 1977 Comprehensive Water Supply Study by Malcolm Pirnie, Inc. for the description of streams entering the lakes.

Hemlock Lake	ELEVATION	STORAGE
a) Pipe invert-water supply outflow	— 887.3	0
b) Base of spillway upstream side	(898.3) 898.8	621 MCF
c) Spillway Crest	(900.8) 901.8	972 MCF
d) Top of concrete abutments at spillway	(910.3) 910.8	1831 MCF
e) Top of earth embankment	(909.8) 910.3	1787 MCF

Canadice Lake		ELEVATION	STORAGE
a)	Pipe invert-water supply outflow		0
b)	Base of spillway upstream side	1089.5	189 MCF
c)	Spillway crest	1096.0	400 MCF
d)	Top of concrete abutments at spillway	1101.5	584 MCF
e)	Top of earth embankment	1101.54	584 MCF
3)	MAX. KNOWN ELEVATION	DATE	SPILLWAY DISCHARGE
	HEMLOCK 906+	6-23-72	UNKNOWN
	CANADICE 1100+	6-23-72	478x10 ³ cu ft/day
4)	LENGTH		
	HEMLOCK	38,000' ±	
	CANADICE	17,000' ±	
5)	Length of shoreline (data available only for elevation indicated as determined by N.Y.S. Department of Health).		
	HEMLOCK	905.0'	17.10 mi.
	CANADICE	1096.0'	7.10 mi.
	Surface areas of lakes (obtained from N.Y.S. Dept. of Health).		
	HEMLOCK	3.594 sq. mi.	
	CANADICE	338.0x10 ⁴ m ²	
6)	History		
	HEMLOCK		
	Original dam built by the City in early 1870's, rebuilt in 1908 and 1926, present Spillway constructed 1935.		
	CANADICE		
	Original dam at end of lake built around 1910, present Spillway built in 1936 several hundred feet west of original dam.		

- 7) Consulting Engineers' Reports (see enclosed copies).
Pages 4-7 of the Malcolm Pirnie - January 1979 Upland
Water Supply Study are enclosed for your use.

B) HEMLOCK LAKE DAM

1. WATER DIVERSION CONDUIT FROM CANADICE

60" CONCRETE Conduit constructed 1912, 3800'
long maximum possible flow (assuming coefficient
of 7) 104.7 MGD.

2. Water supply conduits at Hemlock

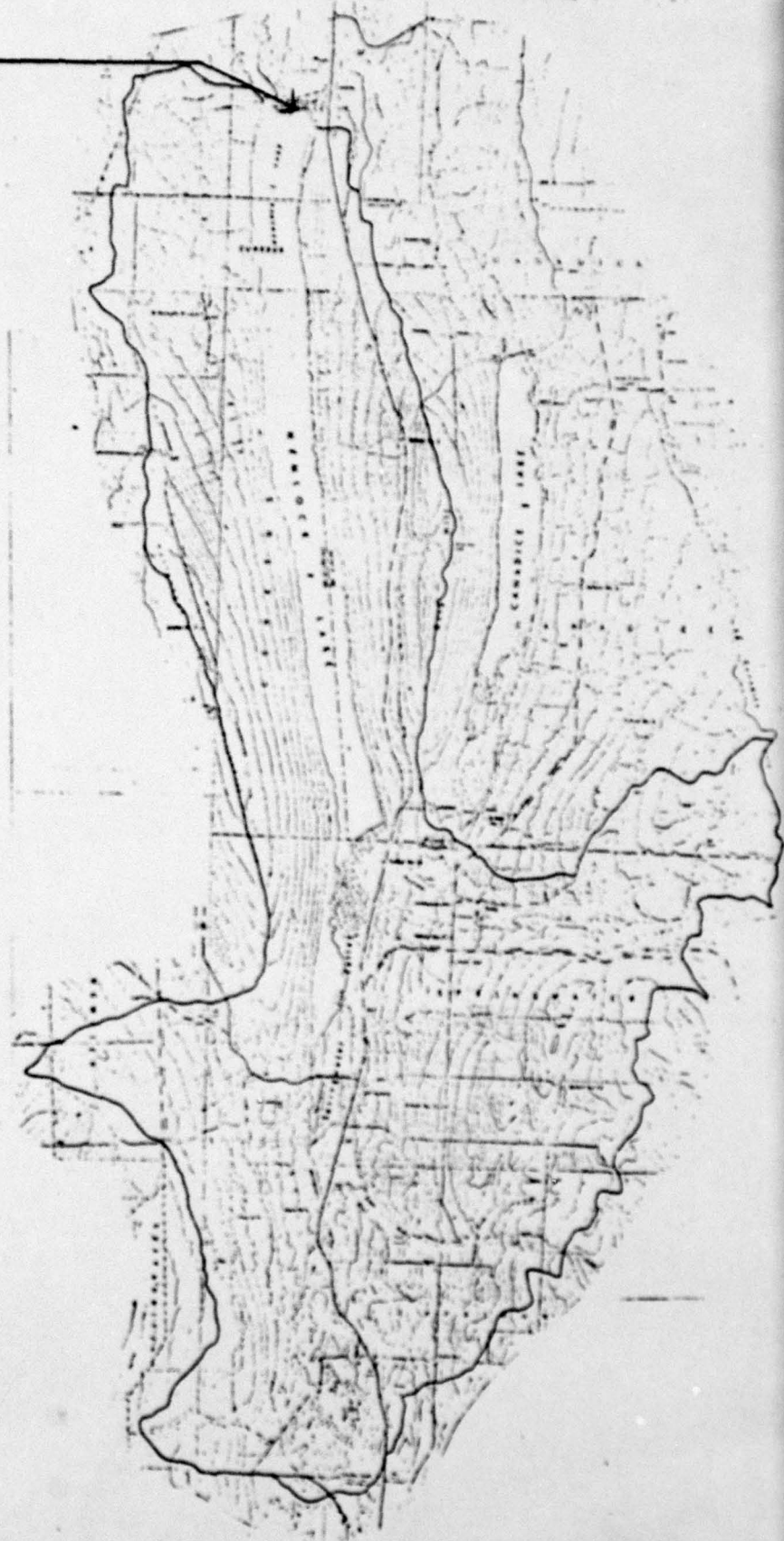
- a) 6' brick tunnel 12,200' long
- b) 36" cast iron conduit 13,600 long avg. daily
outflow 37 MGD.

MAXIMUM POSSIBLE OUTPUT 47 MGD (GRAVITY FLOW)
when lake level drops below 887.3 maximum
pumped output is 30.2 MGD.

C) CANADICE LAKE DAM

- 1. MAXIMUM DISCHARGE RATE 11.730 MCF/day 4-4-73
AVG. DAILY DISCHARGE (1978) 1.069 MCF.
- 2. MAXIMUM PUMPING RATE POSSIBLE THROUGH 24" BYPASS
PIPE 15 MGD.

Dam Site



Drainage Area

Hemlock Lake Dam

 FLD ID HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HLC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VER. 5.11
 JULY 1976
 LAST MODIFICATION: 26 FEB 79
 MODIFIED FOR HONEYWELL APR. 79

 THIS PROGRAM IS CURRENTLY BEING MODIFIED
 TO RUN ON THE DCS HONEYWELL SYSTEM

RUN DATE 08/20/79

WELSH LAKE DAM

RY-477
 CITY OF RICHMOND
 WATER SUPPLY

GENESSEE RIVER BASIN
 LIVINGSTON-DUNBAR COUNTY
 PPF - SNYDER DM

 JOB SPECIFICATION
 I2 IHR IHR INH IETRC
 100 1 30 0 0 0
 JUPEA 5
 0 0 0 0 0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED
 NPLAN= 1 IRTID= 2 LATID= 1

RTID= 0.50 1.00

SUB-AREA RIVER COMPUTATION

INFLD HYDROGRAPH

ISTAC	ICOMP	IFCON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPLT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

INDDG	LONG	YAREA	SIAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNGM	ISATE	LOCAL
1	1	43.13	0.	43.13	0.85	0.	0	1	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE	PIS	P6	R12	R24	R48	R72	R96
0.	21.50	97.00	108.00	120.00	128.00	0.	0.

LOSS DATA

LNPT	STKA	OLTK	MTIL	ERAIN	STKS	MTLK	SIRL	CHSL	ALSHX	RTIMP
0	0.	0.	1.00	0.	0.	1.00	1.00	0.10	0.	0.

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 8.37 CP=0.63 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA

STQ= 48.00 GCSH= 46.00 RTID= 1.00
 EXP UNDERFLO AT LOCATION 230250
 EXP UNDERFLO AT LOCATION 230250

THREE C.U. II

2102. 6785. 5641. 5678.

HYDROGRAPH AT STA 1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 1

TIME	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
23.	1.573.	171.9.	1.197.	3644.	155692.
30.	526.	976.	269.	109.	5253.
35.		3.70	8.30	9.55	10.01
40.		95.06	223.45	252.67	254.32
45.		813.	20225.	22371.	23020.
50.		13501.	24946.	20210.	28394.

CFS

CMS

INCHES

AC-FT

THREE C.U. II

HYDROGRAPH AT STA 1 FOR PLAN 1, RTIO 2

TIME	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
23.	1.573.	171.9.	1.197.	3644.	155692.
30.	526.	976.	269.	109.	5253.
35.		3.70	8.30	9.55	10.01
40.		95.06	223.45	252.67	254.32
45.		813.	20225.	22371.	23020.
50.		13501.	24946.	20210.	28394.

CFS

CMS

INCHES

AC-FT

THREE C.U. II

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - NO BREACH GATES-CLOSED (6/79)

STAG	ICDIP	INCON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRY	LIAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
6	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
8	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
9	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
10	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
11	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
12	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
13	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
14	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
15	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
16	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
17	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
20	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
21	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
22	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
23	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
24	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
25	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
26	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
27	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
28	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
29	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
30	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
31	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
32	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
33	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
34	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
35	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
36	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
37	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
38	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
39	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
40	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
41	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
42	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
43	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
44	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
45	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
46	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
47	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
48	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
49	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
50	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
51	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
52	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
53	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
54	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
55	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
56	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
57	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
58	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
59	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
60	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
61	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
62	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
63	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
64	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
65	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
66	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
67	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
68	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
69	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
70	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
71	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
72	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
73	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
74	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
75	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
76	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
77	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
78	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
79	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
80	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
81	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
82	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
83	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
84	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
85	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
86	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
87	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
88	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
89	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
90	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
91	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
92	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
93	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
94	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
95	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
96	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
97	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
98	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
99	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
100	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

STAGE 909.90 904.00 904.70 905.00 906.00 907.00 908.00 909.00 909.30 910.30

FLW 0. 12.00 70.00 134.00 485.00 989.00 1612.00 2348.00 2584.00 3400.00

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OPERATION	STATION	DATE	TIME	1	2
HYDROGRAPH AT		5.13	1420	1	1.00
		(0.00)	(3.20.00)	102.134	
ROUTED TO		5.13	1420	1	1.00
		(0.00)	(2.00.00)	96.764	

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLATE 1

RATIO OF PIF	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION	TOP OF DAM ELEVATION	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
0.25	910.52	0.72	42550.	9550.	2617.	41101.	16.80	54.00	0.
1.00	911.41	2.01	43164.	32726.	0.	2992.	27.00	49.50	0.

FLIGHT INFORMATION FOR PASSENGERS (FPL-1)
OAK SPRING, FL 32067 JUL 8 1977
LST 0000H CLEVELAND 76 FLY PZ
NOPISEA FB 447000Z APR 77

THE PROGRAM IS COMPLETELY AUTOMATIC
TO RUN ON THE OS-5 MICROCELL SYSTEM

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GENESEE RIVER BASIN
LIVINGSTON-OWAYO COUNTY
PAF. - SNYDER UN

IV-477
CITY OF ROCHESTER
ATED SUPPLY

GENESEE RIVER BASIN
LIVINGSTON-OWAYO COUNTY
PAF. - SNYDER UN

INFLUENCE OF HYDROGRAPH

-TITLED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - NO BREACH ONE GATE + 6/79 GATES

1.

PEAK FLOOD STAGE (2000 YR PERIOD) AT VARY FLOOD MULTIPLE PEAK-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOOD IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CFS) AT VARY PERIODS (PEAK SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE FEET (SQ. FT.) (FLOODPLAIN)

RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOODS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PEAK	RATIO 1	RATIO 2
				0.50	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	43.13	1	10579.	37157.
	(	0.00)	(	266.00)	1052.10)
ROUTED TO	1	43.13	1	6307.	31036.
	(	0.00)	(	192.00)	865.84)

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLANNED	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	TIME OF FAILURE
RATIO OF P/F	903.99	900.00	909.80	0.
0.50	25917.	28917.	41101.	0.
1.00	901.	0.	5496.	0.

MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW	MAX OUTFLOW	TIME OF FAILURE
1.75	40000.	31030.	57.03	0.
0.	40000.	31030.	49.50	0.

FLOPPY HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (11-11)
 DAN SUPPLY 7/25/11 JUL 1979
 LAST MODIFICATION 25 JUL 79
 MODIFIED BY: HIRSHHELL APR 79

THIS PROGRAM IS CARRIED OUT BY THE
 TO RUN ON THE DCS CITYWELL SYSTEM

PLEASE REPORT ANY PERSONAL OPERATING PROBLEMS
 TO THE TELLER IN 235 H 7-5075

GENESSEE RIVER BASIN
 LIVINGSTON-CLINTON COUNTY
 PHF - SNYDER OH

CITY OF ROCHESTER
 WATER SUPPLY

A. NEWELL, LONE

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INFLUX HYDROGRAPH

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PLOTTED HYDROGRAPH AT DAM - NO BREACH EOTHGATES+6/79 GATES

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLATE 1

RATIO OF PIF	ELEVATION STRESSOR OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE 903.93 2-917. 1962.	SPILLWAY CREST 903.80 2617. 0.	TOP OF DAM 909.80 41101. 10799.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
0.50	908.52	0.	0.	0.	54.00	0.
1.00	911.23	1.43	36139.	13.50	49.50	0.

MAXIMUM
RESERVOIR
U.S. ELEV
908.52
911.23

MAXIMUM
STORAGE
AC-FT
38465.
46037.

MAXIMUM
OUTFLOW
CFS
3795.
36139.

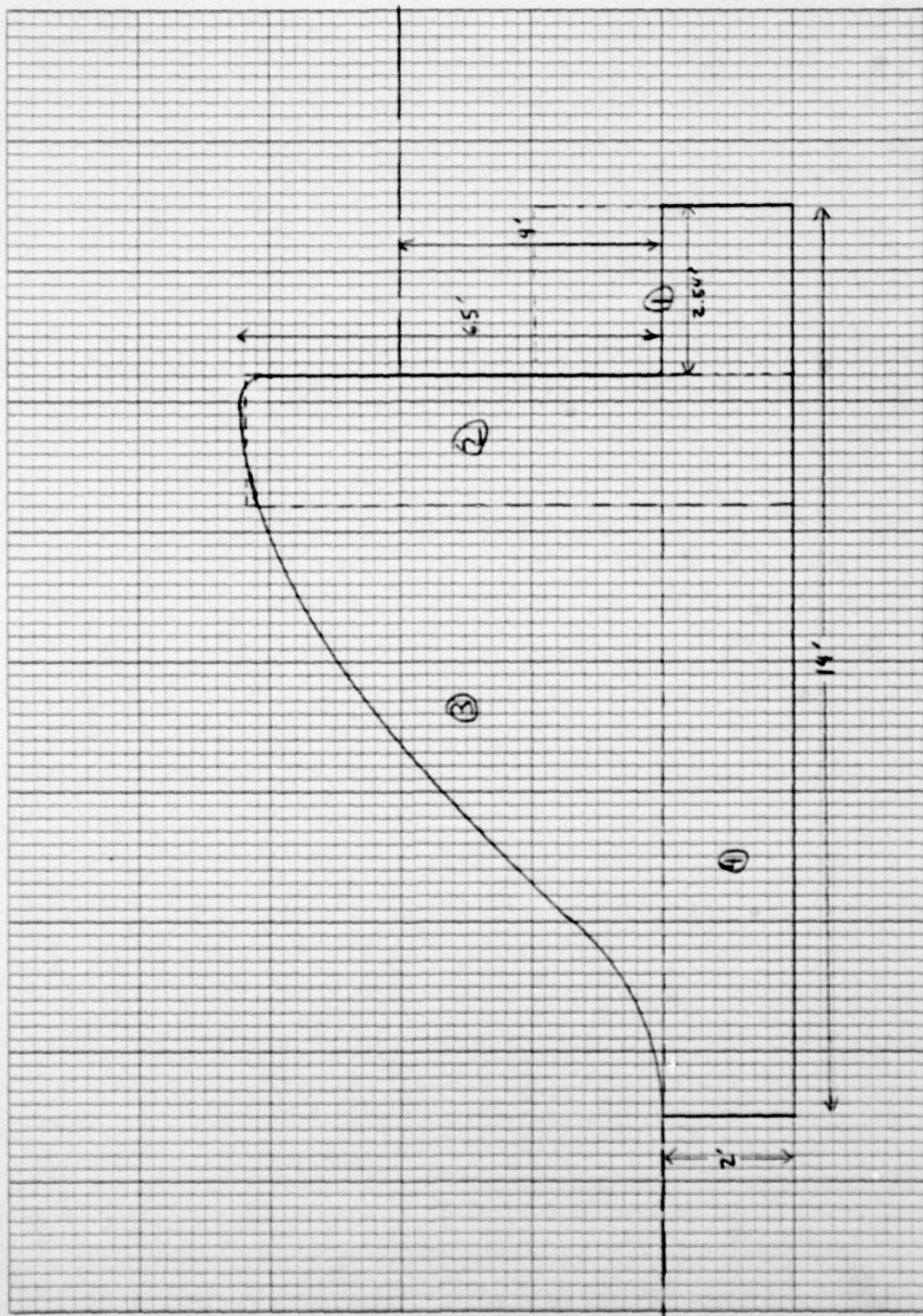
DURATION
OVER TOP
HOURS
0.
13.50

PEAK FLOOD AND STORAGE (CUM. OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FLOODPLAIN PLU--RATII ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 PLUS 11 CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA 11 SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

FLOODS APPLIED TO FLOODS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLU	RATIO 1	RATIO 2
				0.50	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	43.13	1	1337%	37137.
	(	0.10)	(	325.00)	(102.16)
ROUTED TO	- 1	43.13	1	3795.	30137.
	(	0.00)	(	249.00)	(853.86)

APPENDIX D
STABILITY COMPUTATIONS



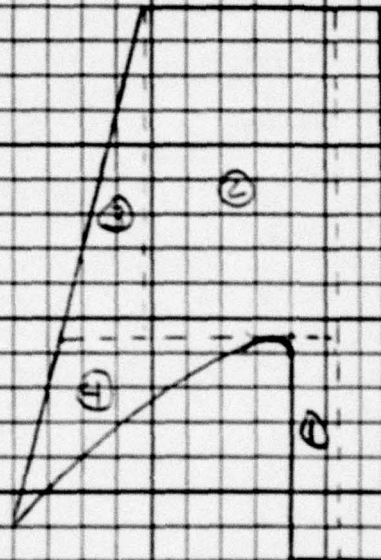
HEMLOCK LAKE DAM - SPILLWAY
 SECTION

PROJECT GRID

JOB HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO. 1	CHECKED BY	DATE
SUBJECT STABILITY ANALYSIS		COMPUTED BY RLW	DATE 8/9/79

CALCULATE LOADS DUE TO BRIDGE CONCRETE

1. PIERS



VOLUMES PER PIER

$$① (1.27)(6.5)(2) = 16.51$$

$$② (9.5)(5.27)(2) = 100.13$$

$$③ \frac{1}{2} (9.5)(2.6)(2) = 24.7$$

$$④ \frac{1}{2} (2.6)(1.35)(2) = 3.51$$

$$\underline{144.85 \text{ ft}^3}$$

$$(144.85 \text{ ft}^3) (7 \text{ PIERS}) = 1013.9 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$\frac{1013.9 \text{ ft}^3}{78 \text{ ft}} = 13.0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft UP DAM}$$

2. CONCRETE BRIDGE DECK

$$(4 \text{ ft})(4 \text{ ft}) = 1.6 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft UP DAM}$$

PROJECT GRID

JOB	HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO.	2	CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT	STABILITY ANALYSIS	COMPUTED BY	RLW	DATE	8/9/79		

BRIDGE LOADS (CONT.)

3. ABUTMENTS

VOLUMES

① $(10.5)(75)(2) = 1575 \text{ ft}^3$

② $\frac{1}{2}(10)(75)(2) = 750 \text{ ft}^3$

③ $\frac{1}{2}(17)(85)(2) = 1445 \text{ ft}^3$

④ $20(8)(9) = 640 \text{ ft}^3$

⑤ $15(9)(4) = 540 \text{ ft}^3$

⑥ $\frac{1}{2}(30.5)(10)(2) = 205 \text{ ft}^3$

⑦ $(20.5)(7)(2) = 287 \text{ ft}^3$

$(2040 \text{ ft}^3)(2 \text{ ABUT}) = 4080 \text{ ft}^3$
 $\frac{4080 \text{ ft}^3}{78 \text{ ft}} = 52.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft of dam}$

TOTAL VOLUME TO BE ADDED = $13.0 + 1.6 + 52.5 = 67.1 \text{ ft}^3$

PROJECT GRID

JOB	HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO.	3	CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT	STABILITY ANALYSIS	COMPUTED BY	RLW	DATE	8/9/79		

1. CONVERT BLOCK OF SOIL ABOVE UPSTREAM TOE TO AN EQUIVALENT SECTION OF CONCRETE

$$(4)(2.54)(.060 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{sq ft}}) = .61 \text{K}$$

$$\frac{.61 \text{K}}{.15 \frac{\text{K}}{\text{sq ft}}} = 4.07 \text{ ft}^3$$

2. BREAK SECTION INTO AREAS

	AREA	DISTANCE FROM TOE TO CENTROID
① $(2.54)(2) + 4.07 = 9.15 \text{ ft}^3$		2.7'
② $(2)(7.75) = 15.5 \text{ ft}^3$		10.5'
③ $\frac{1}{2}(9.2)(6.2) + 67.14 = 95.66 \text{ ft}^3$		6.3'
④ $(9.46)(2) = 18.92 \text{ ft}^3$		9.7'

PROJECT GRID

JOB	HEMLOCK LAKE DAM	SHEET NO.	4	CHECKED BY		DATE	
SUBJECT	STABILITY ANALYSIS	COMPUTED BY	RLW	DATE	8/9/79		

ADD EFFECT OF DOWNSTREAM SLAB TO SLIDING RESISTANCE

SLAB $60' (1)(1)(1.5K/ft^3) = 9K$

$(9K)(.5) = 4.5K$ SLIDING RESISTANCE

NORMAL CONDITIONS

$$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{RESISTING FORCE + SLAB RESISTANCE}{DRIVING FORCE} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{2.58} = 5.07$$

ICE LOADING

$$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{7.58} = 1.73$$

SEPMF LOADING

$$F.S._{SLIDING} = \frac{8.60 + 4.5}{6.87} = 1.96$$

PROJECT GRID

JOB	SHEET NO.	CHECKED BY	DATE
HENLOCK LAKE DAM	5		
SUBJECT	COMPUTED BY		DATE
STABILITY ANALYSES - SEISMIC ANALYSIS	RLW		8/9/79
SUMMATIONS OF MOMENTS AND FORCES TAKEN FROM CALCULATOR			
STABILITY PROGRAM			
NORMAL CONDITIONS - WATER AT SPILLWAY CREST - NO ICE			
1. CALCULATE HORIZONTAL FORCE ON UPSTREAM FACE DUE TO WATER PRESSURE			
$P_h = C \gamma_w h = .7(.1)(.0624)(8.5) = .037 \text{ K/GZ}$			
C = coefficient			
W = weight of water			
h = height			
2. CALCULATE MOMENT & FORCE OF EARTHQUAKE			
$M_e = .299 P_h y^2 = (.299)(.037)(8.5)^2 = .80 \text{ K.FT}$			
$V_e = .726 P_h y = (.726)(.037)(8.5) = .23 \text{ K.FT}$			
3. REDUCE WEIGHT OF CONCRETE BY 5%			
$(.15)(.95) = .142$			
4. REVISED OVERTURNING SAFETY FACTOR - SEISMIC ANALYSIS			
$F.S. = \frac{\text{RESISTING MOMENTS}}{\text{OVERTURNING MOM. + EARTHQUAKE MOM.}} = \frac{138.68}{45.77 + .80} = 2.98$			
5. REVISED SLIDING SAFETY FACTOR - SEISMIC ANALYSIS			
$F.S. = \frac{\text{RESISTING FORCE}}{\text{SLIDING FORCE + EARTHQUAKE FORCE}} = \frac{8.08}{2.58 + .23} = 2.88$			

INPUT TO STABILITY ANALYSIS PROGRAM

<u>INPUT ENTRY</u>	<u>PROGRAM No.</u>
Unit Weight of Dam (K/ft^3)	0
Area of Segment No. 1 (ft^2)	1
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 1 to Downstream Toe (ft)	2
Area of Segment No. 2 (ft^2)	3
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 2 to Downstream Toe (ft)	4
Area of Segment No. 3 (ft^2)	5
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 3 to Downstream Toe (ft)	6
Base Width of Dam (Total) (ft)	7
Height of Dam (ft)	8
Ice Loading (K/L ft.)	9
Coefficient of Sliding	10
Unit Weight of Soil (K/ft^3)	11
Active Soil Coefficient - K_a	12
Passive Soil Coefficient - K_p	13
Height of Water over Top of Dam or Spillway (ft)	14
Height of Soil for Active Pressure (ft)	15
Height of Soil for Passive Pressure (ft)	16
Height of Water in Tailrace Channel (ft)	17
Weight of Water (K/ft^3)	18
Area of Segment No. 4 (ft^2)	19
Distance from Center of Gravity of Segment No. 4 to Downstream Toe (ft)	20
Height of Ice Load or Active Water (ft)	46

NORMAL CONDITIONS

NORMAL WATER
Plus 5000 lb Ice Load

0.15	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
0.	
0.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
0.	
0.	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

0.15	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
5.	
5.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
0.	
0.	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

3.181102445
6.145952179
~~8.331534435~~

← F.S. OVERTURNING

→ 1.650620317

1/2 PMF-WATER 1.72'
OVER SPILLWAY

0.15	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
0.	
0.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
7.72	
7.72	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

SEISMIC ANALYSIS

0.1425	RCL
	1
9.2	
9.2	RCL
	2
12.7	
12.7	RCL
	3
15.5	
15.5	RCL
	4
10.5	
10.5	RCL
	5
95.66	
95.66	RCL
	6
6.3	
6.3	RCL
	7
14.	
14.	RCL
	8
8.5	
8.5	RCL
	9
0.	
0.	RCL
	10
0.5	
0.5	RCL
	11
0.055	
0.055	RCL
	12
0.33	
0.33	RCL
	13
3.	
3.	RCL
	14
0.	
0.	RCL
	15
6.	
6.	RCL
	16
2.	
2.	RCL
	17
2.	
2.	RCL
	18
0.0624	
0.0624	RCL
	19
18.9	
18.9	RCL
	20
4.7	
4.7	RCL
	46
8.5	

2.310583003 ← F.S. OVERTURNING
5.078483075
~~1.2993995~~

~~9.0237554~~
6.094330292
~~0.102192259~~

APPENDIX E

REFERENCES

APPENDIX E

REFERENCES

- 1) U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers:
Engineering Manual 1110-2-1405; Flood-Hydrograph Analyses and Computations, August 1959
HEC-1 Flood Hydrograph Package - Dam Safety Version, September 1978
- 2) U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service; National Engineering Handbook; Section 4 - Hydrology, August 1972
- 3) U.S. Department of Commerce; Weather Bureau;
Hydrometeorological Report No. 33 - Seasonal Variation of the Probable Maximum Precipitation East of the 105th Meridian for Areas from 10 to 1,000 Square Miles and Durations of 6, 12, 24, and 48 Hours, April 1956
- 4) U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation; Design of Small Dams, 2nd Edition (rev. reprint), 1977
- 5) H.W. King and E.F. Brater; Handbook of Hydraulics, 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1963
- 6) University of the State of New York; Geology of New York, Education Leaflet 20, (reprint) 1973
- 7) City of Rochester, Bureau of Water - 7/27/79 communication

APPENDIX F

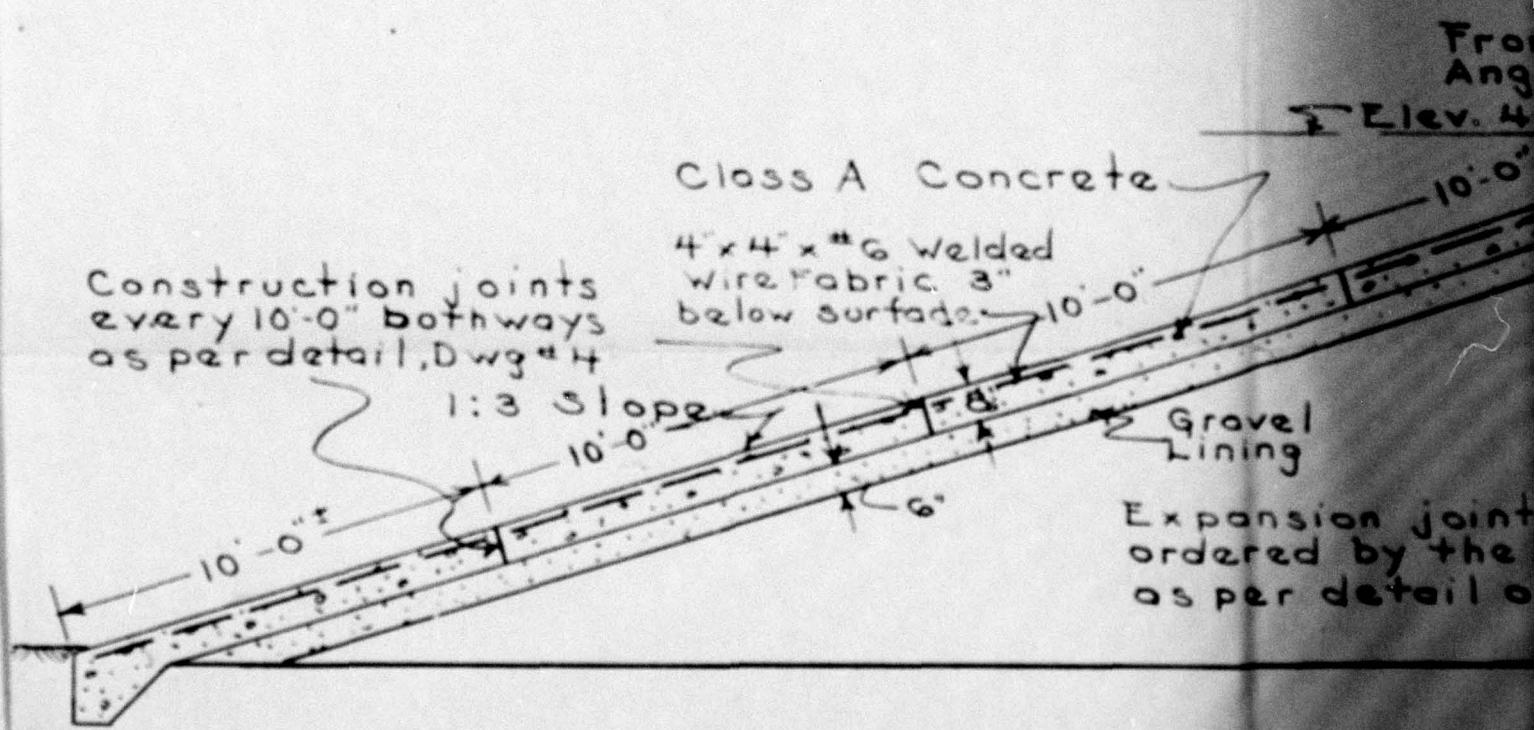
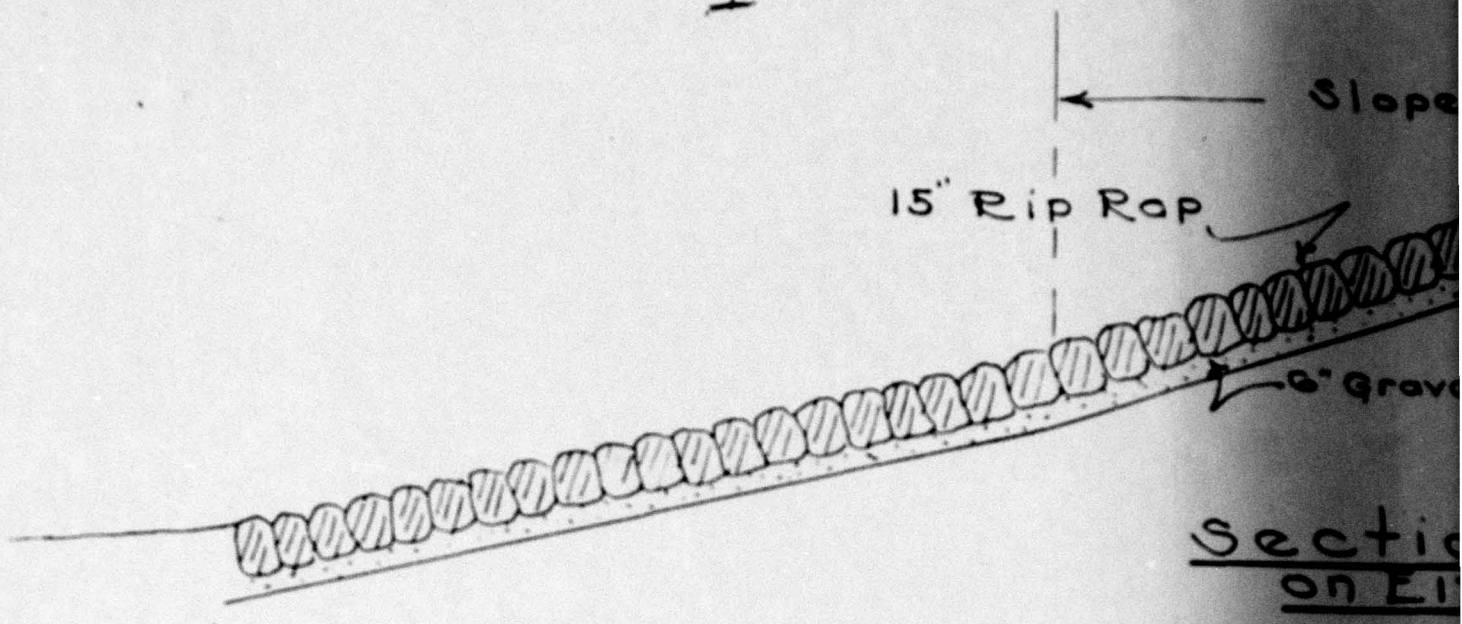
DRAWINGS



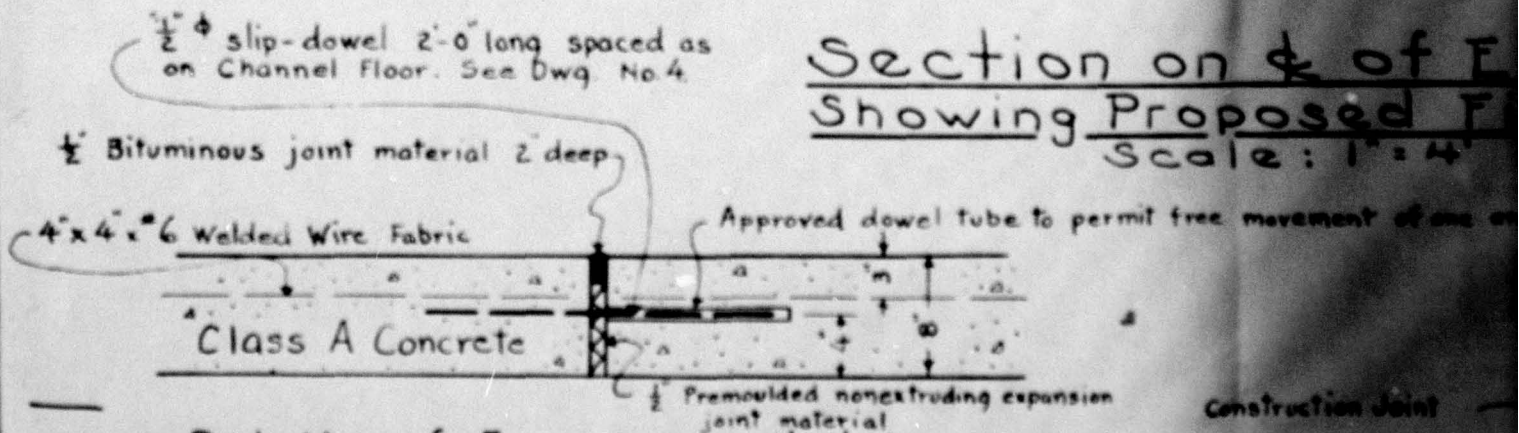
Dam Site

Vicinity Map
Hemlock Lake Dam

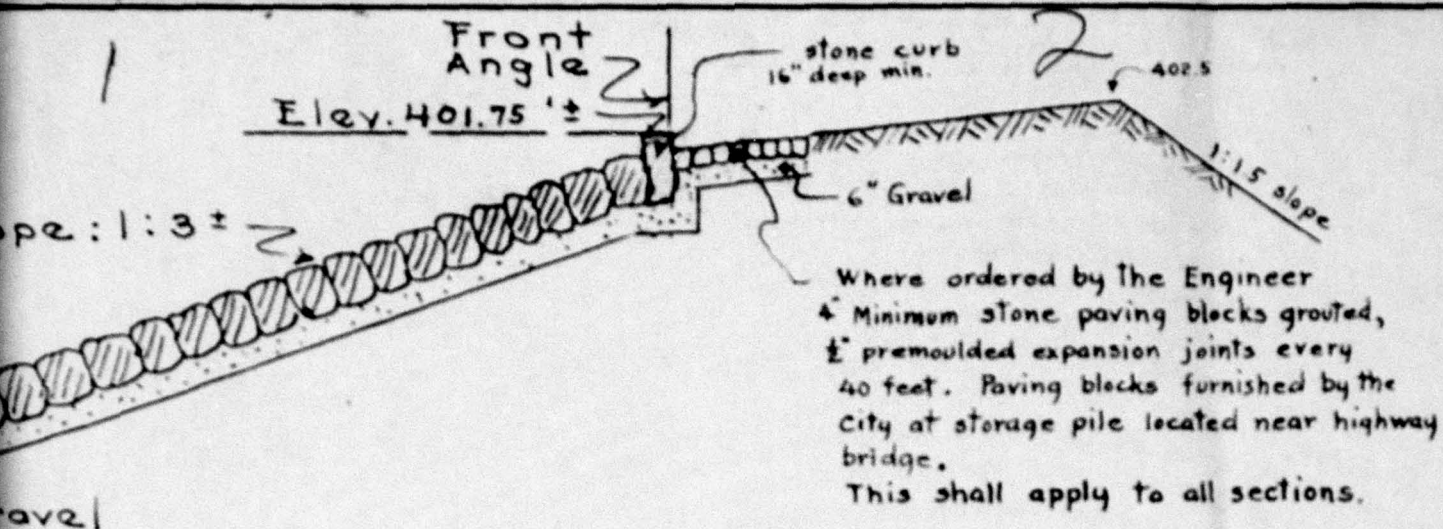
1



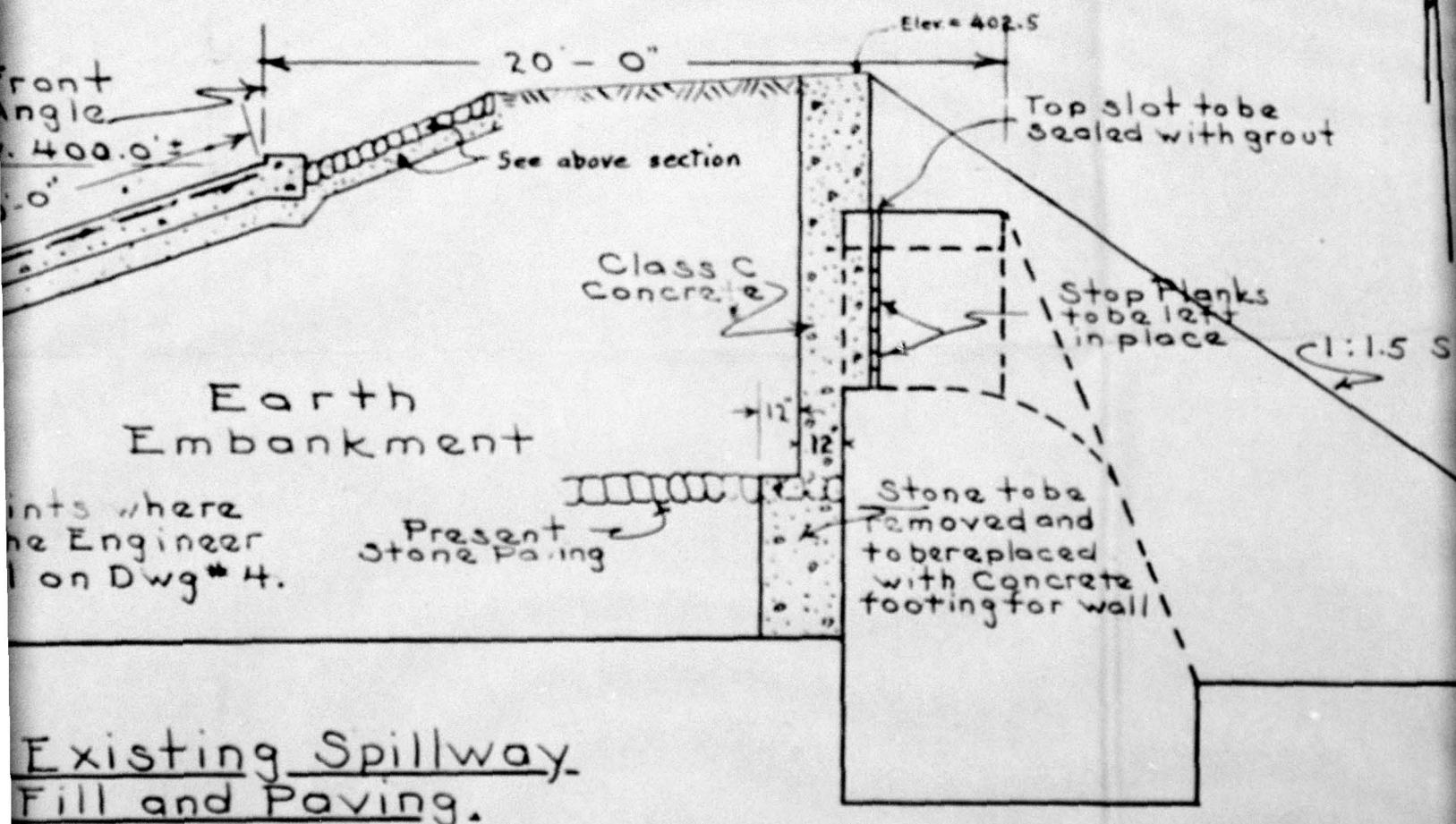
Section on $\frac{1}{2}$ of E
Showing Proposed F
Scale: 1" = 4'



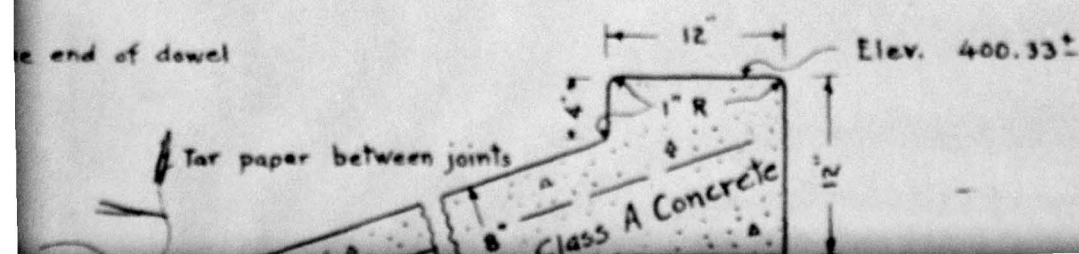
Details of Expansion Joint



Section Showing Method of Paving
Either Side of Spillway
Scale: 1" = 4'-0"



Existing Spillway
Fill and Paving.



General
of Channel
Scale

NOTE:

Bot
Cho
Sid

Existing

Channel

5+00

4+24

4+00

3+00

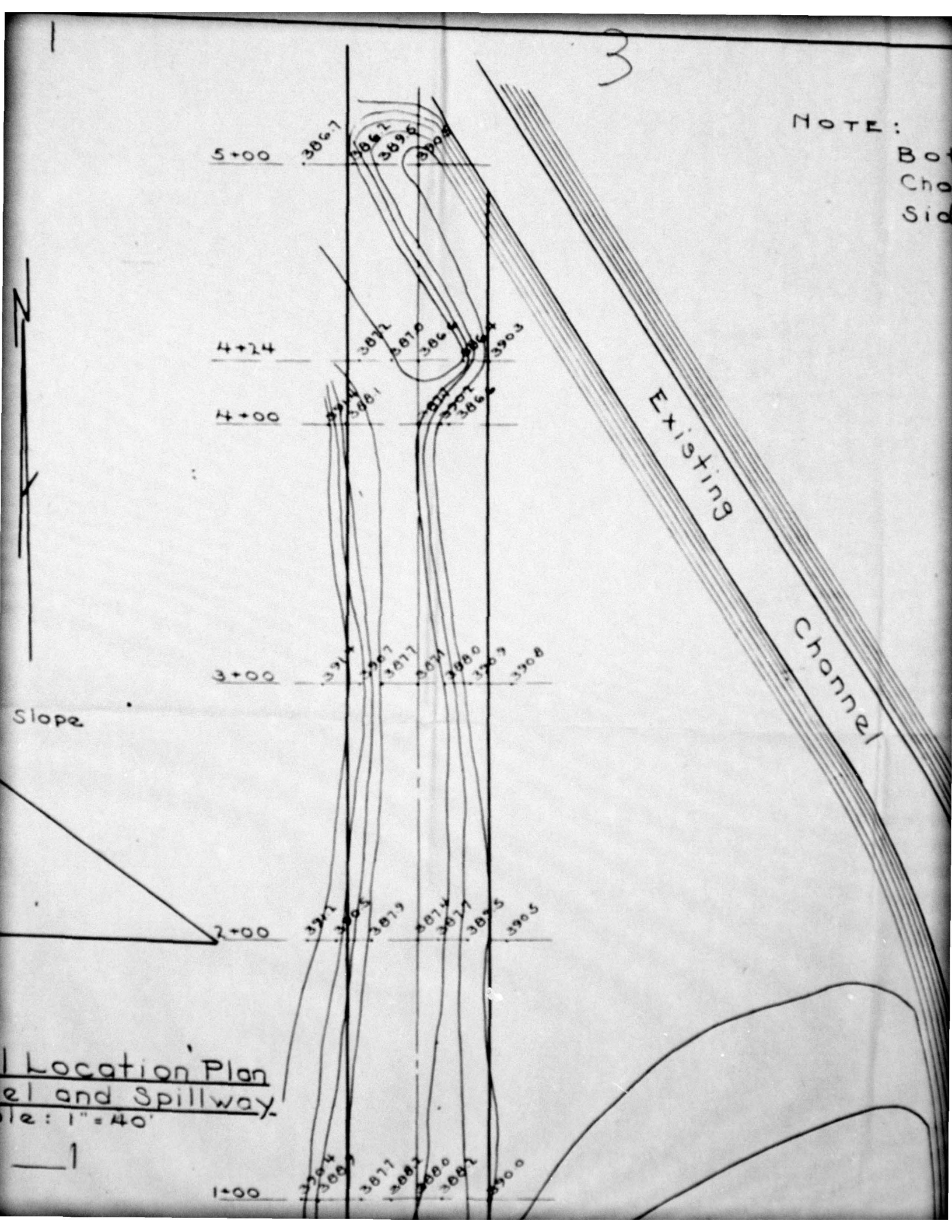
2+00

1+00

Slope

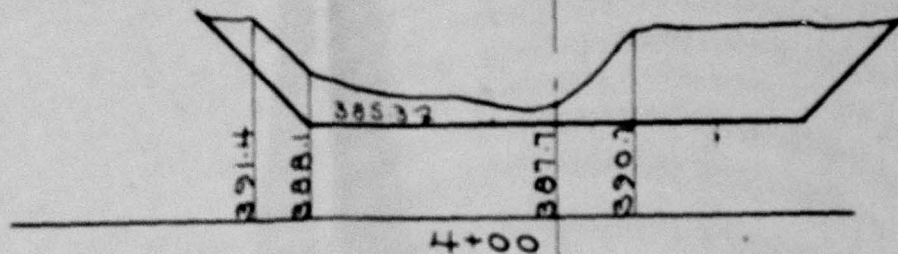
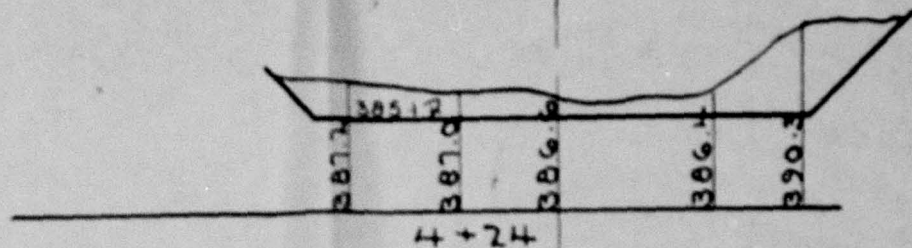
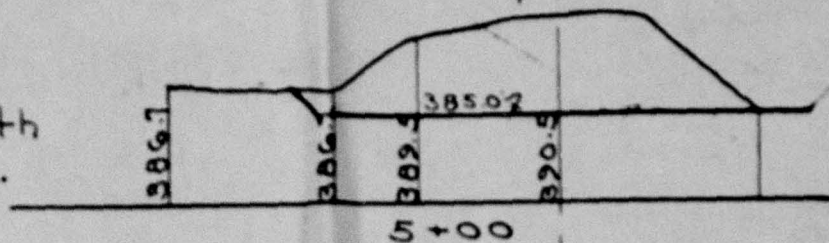
Location Plan
el and Spillway
1/2" = 40'

1



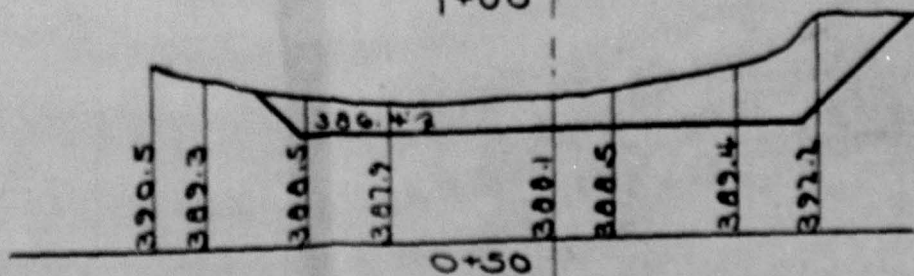
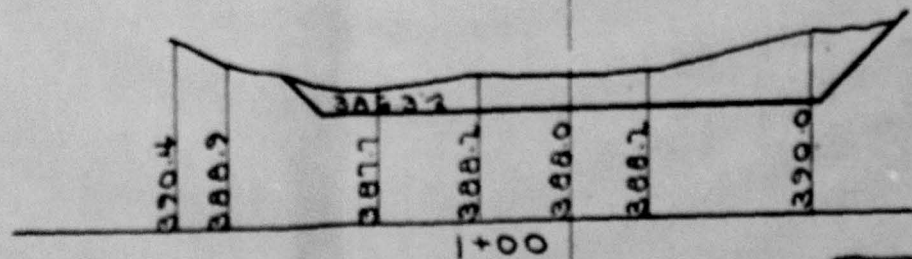
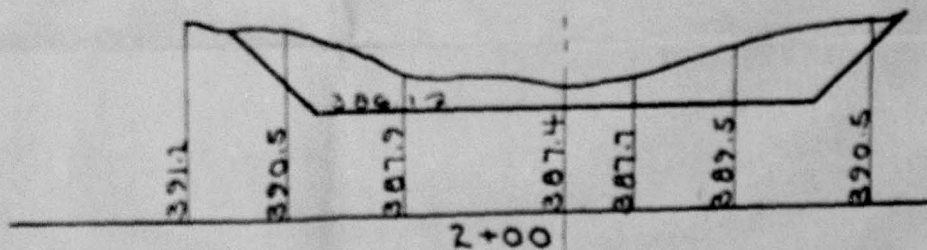
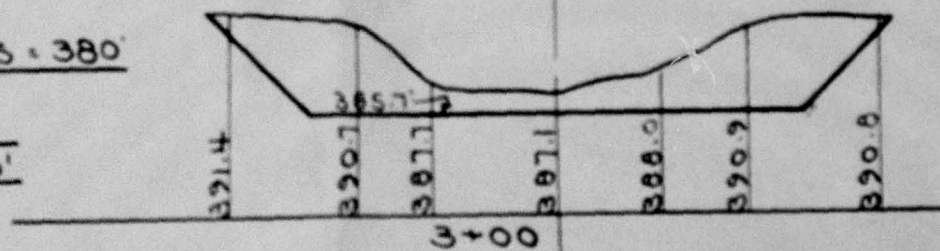
Bottom width of Earth
Channel to be 56'-0".
Side slopes 1:1.5

4



Base of all Sections = 380'

Scale of Sections
Hor. 1"=20', Vert. 1"=10'



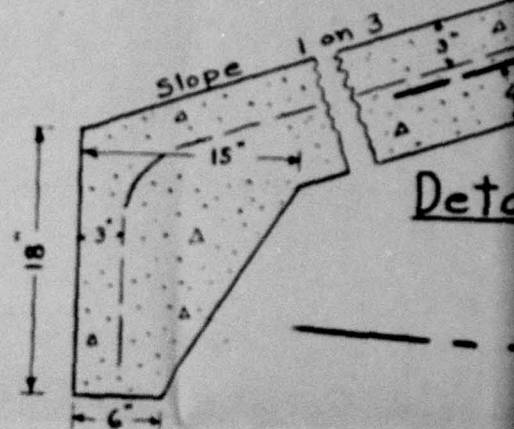
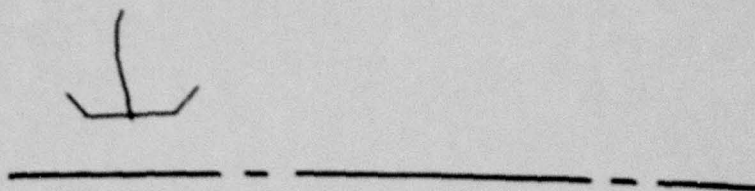
Class A Concrete

Premoulded nonextruding expansion joint material

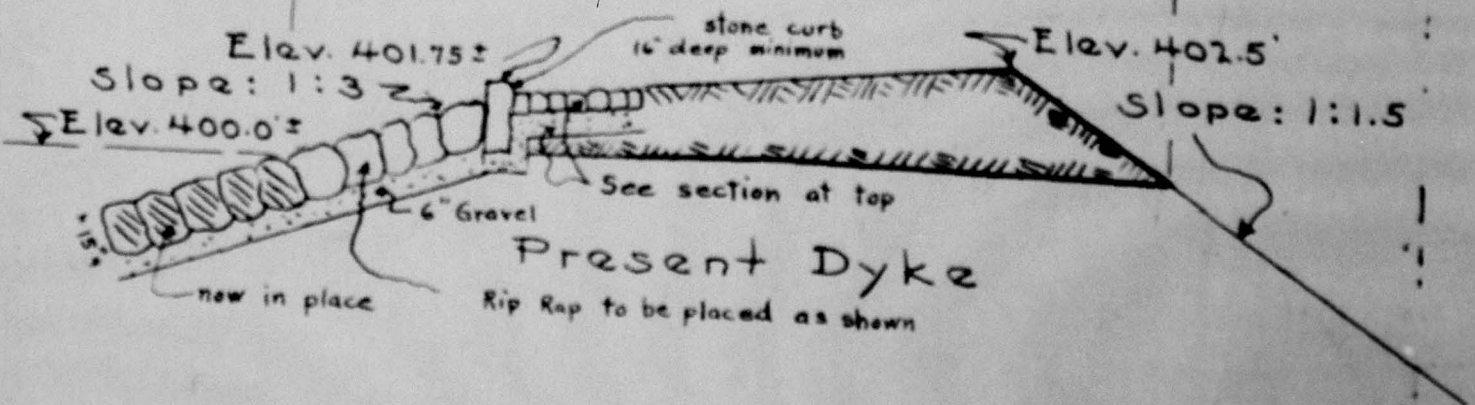
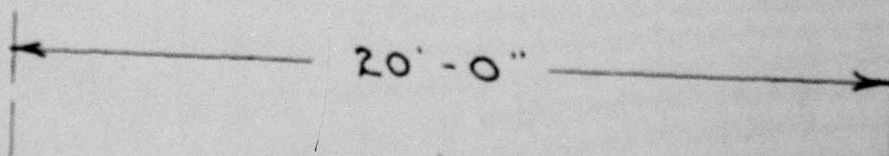
Construction Joint

Details of Expansion Joint in Concrete Apron

Scale: 1" = 1'-0"

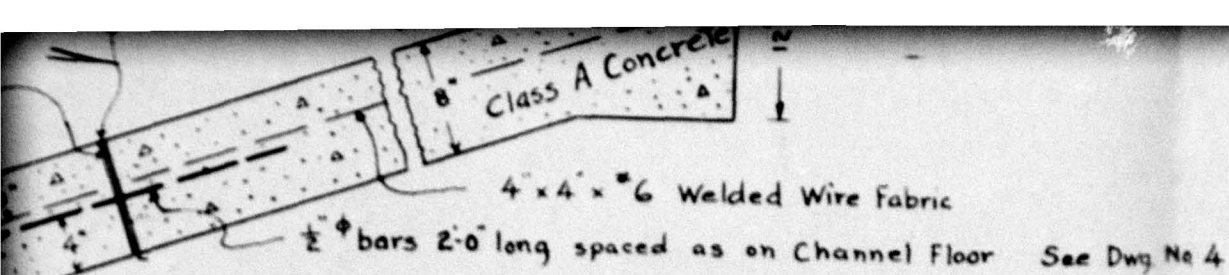


Extend Dyke Westerly
as order by the Engineer



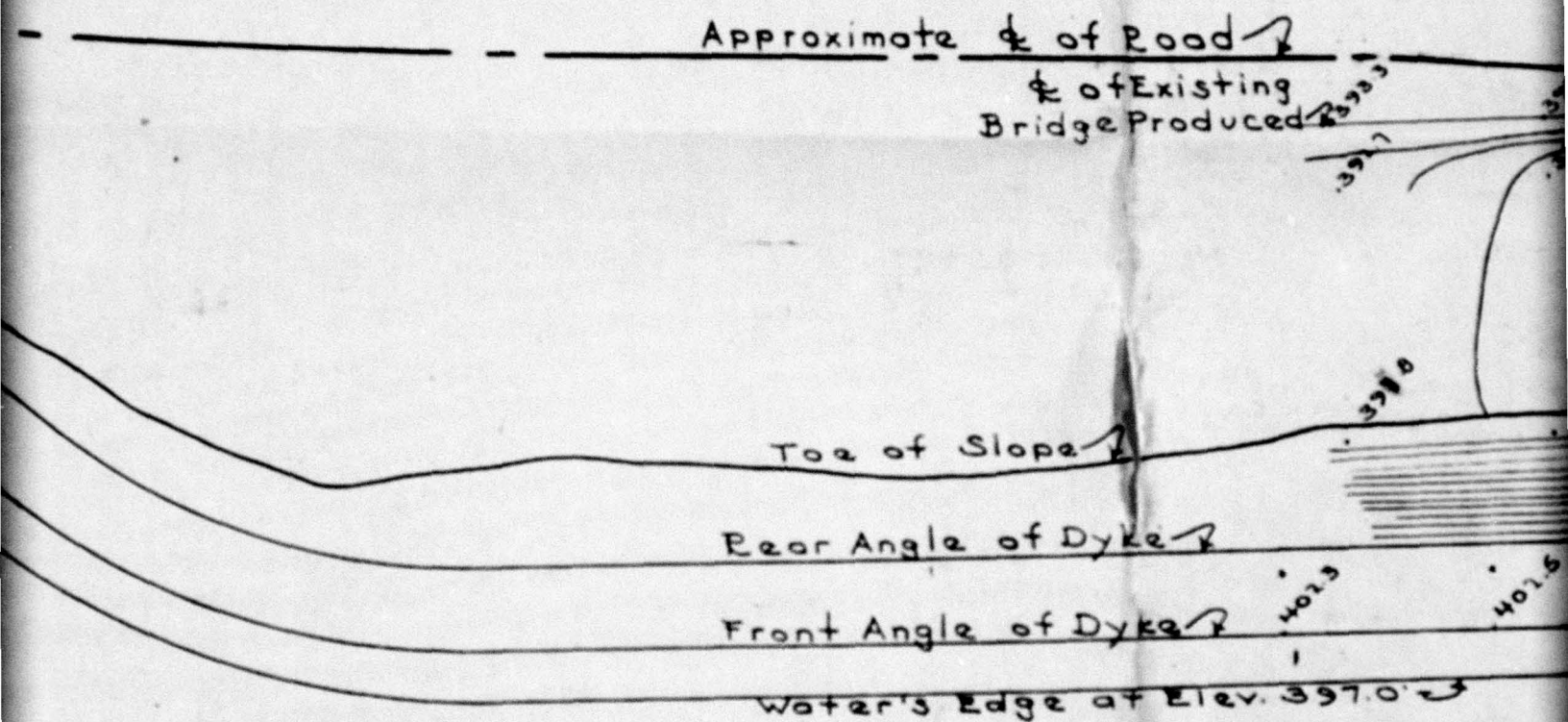
Section of Dyke Showing Earth Fill Required to Obtain the Proper Elevation

Scale: 1" = 4'-0"

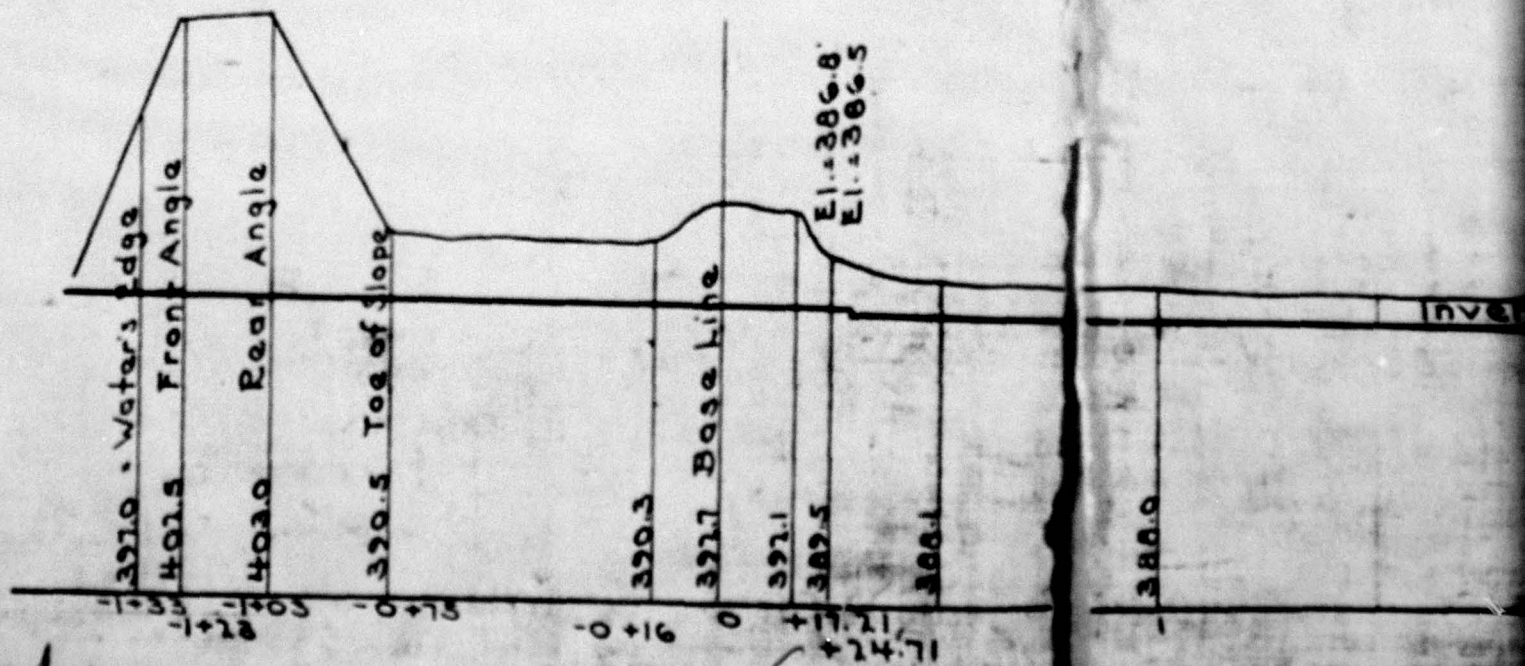


Details of Concrete Apron

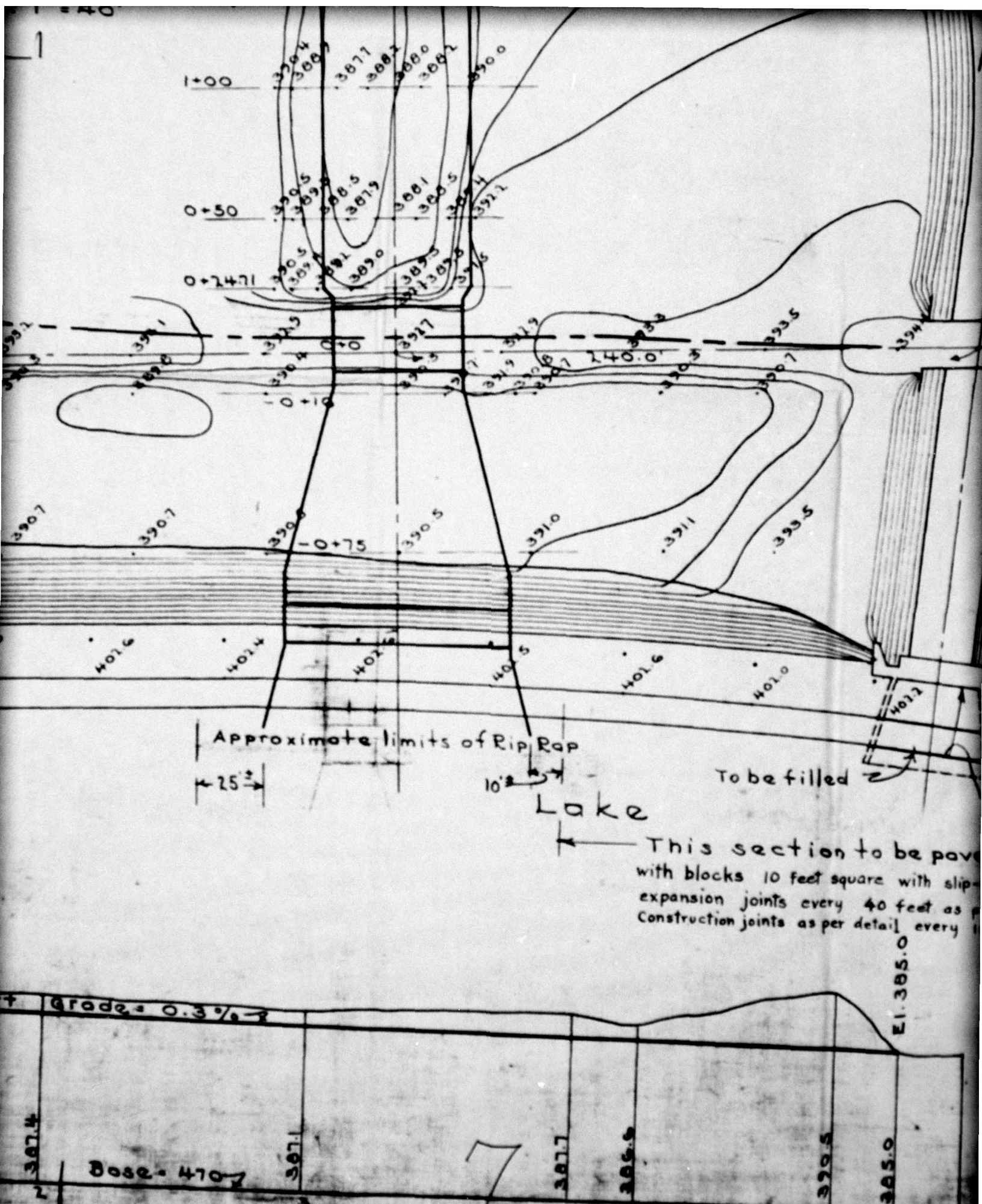
Scale: 1" = 1'-0"



Hemlock



Profile on A-S



Storage pile
stone paving

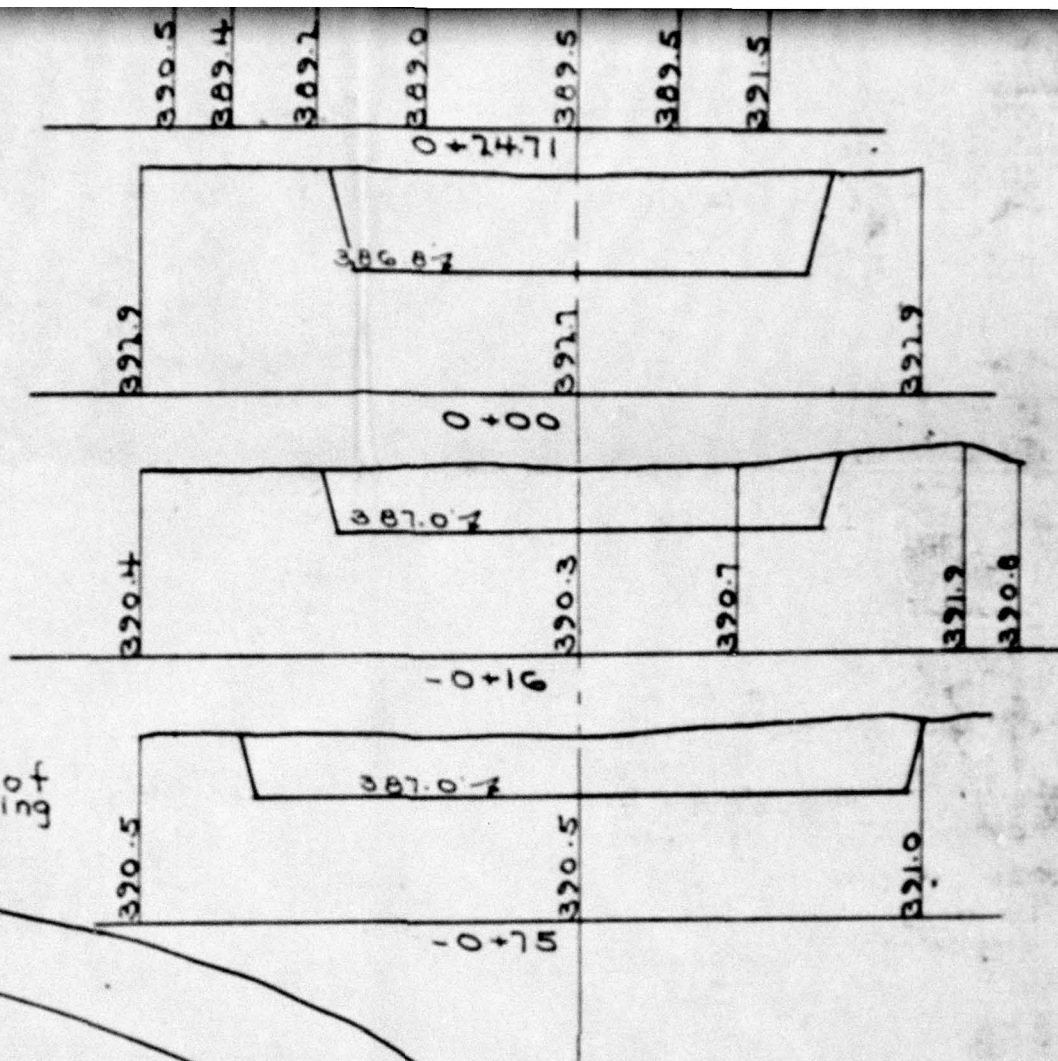
325.0

Approx. end of
present paving

Existing
Spillway

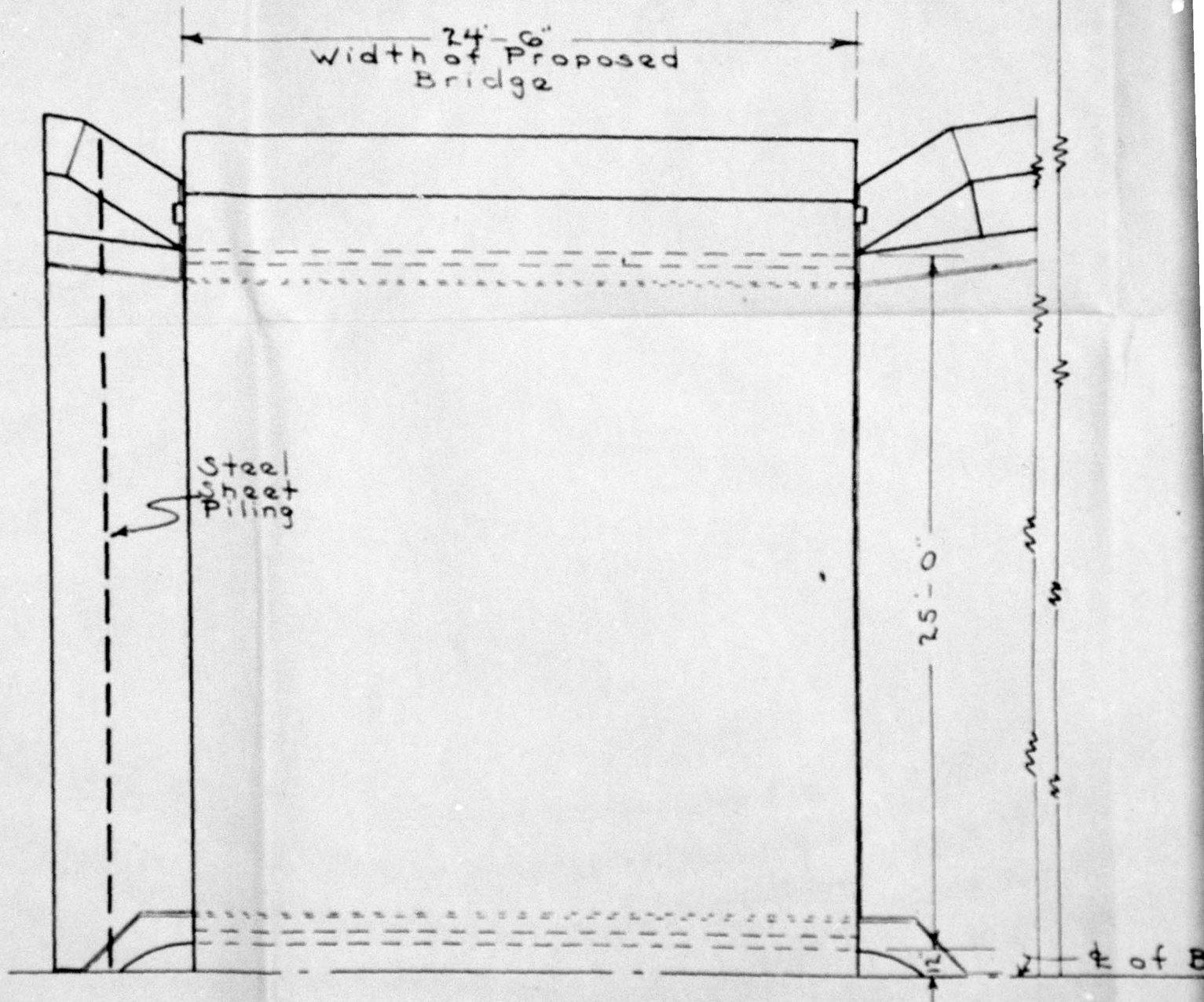
paved →
slip-doweled
as per detail.
every 10 feet both ways

+50



Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Derry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Margaret Hayes</i>	Approved by Comm. of Public Works <i>Thos. J. Morris</i>
Design by <i>H. A. Jolly</i>	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ROCHESTER, N.Y.	
Ordinance No 4478	GENERAL PLAN, PROFILE CHANNEL & DYKE SECTIONS	
Project No PWA 110 N.Y.	File No	
Drawn by H. P. Heistein Traced by H. P. Heistein Checked by <i>Jolly</i> Approved by <i>Heistein</i>		Date: Oct. 2, 1906 Scale: As shown DWG. NO. 1

1



Plan of East Half of B

Rear
Angle Z

5'-0"

15'-0"

2

1

Expansion
Joint Z

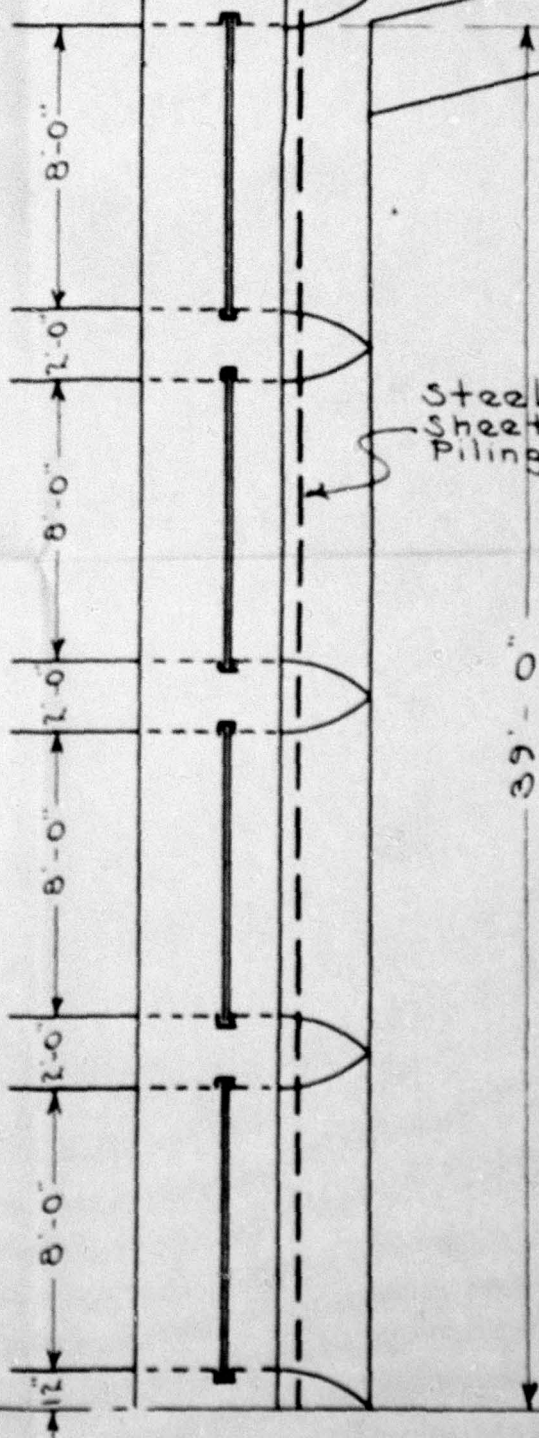
Steel
Sheet
Piling

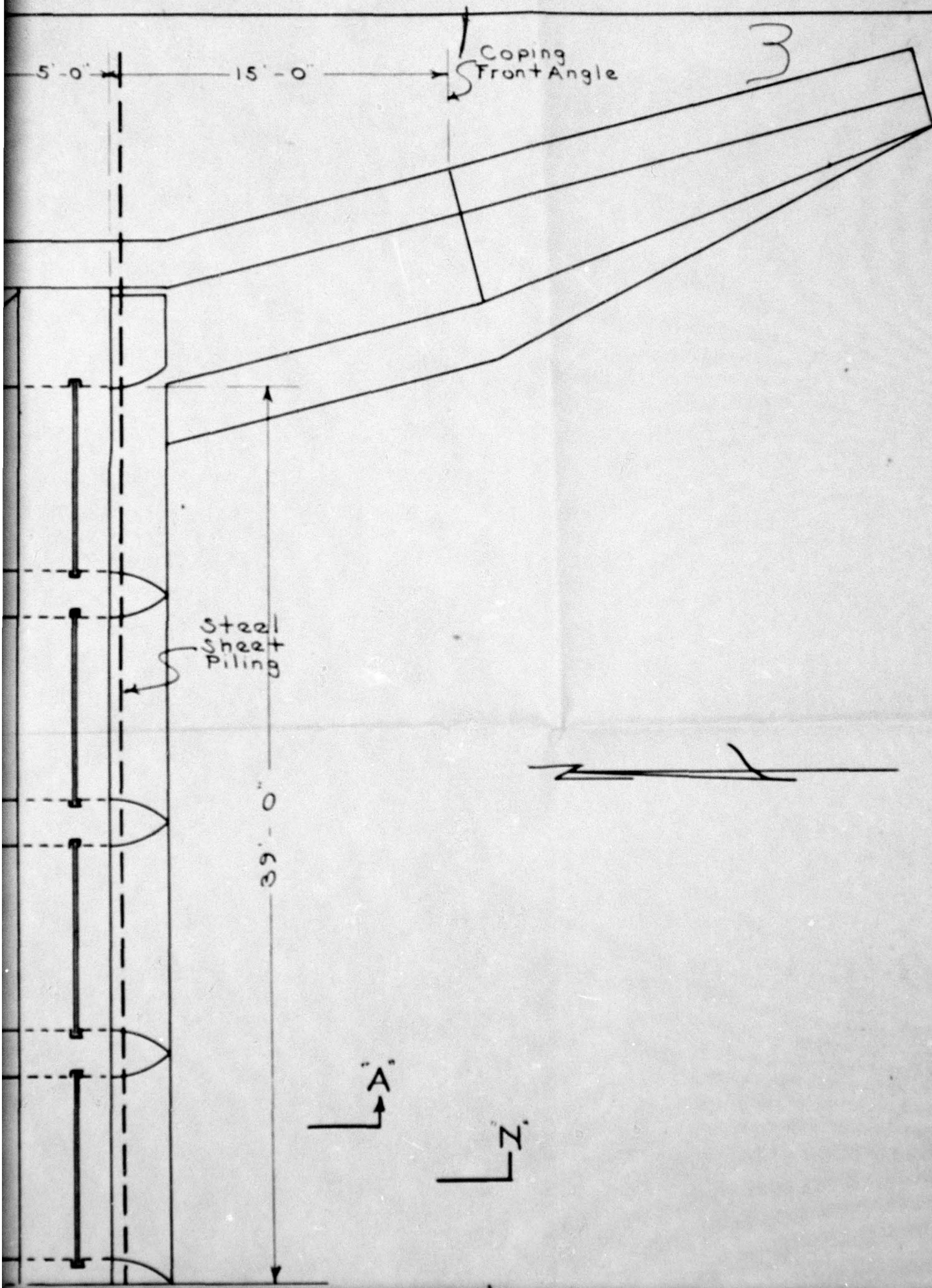
"A"

"A"

Center of Bridge and Spillway

Center of Bridge and Spillway



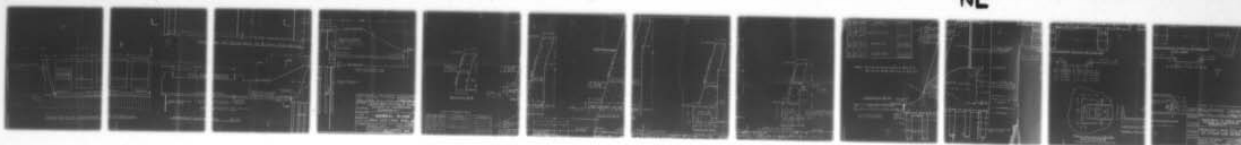


AD-A075 858

NEW YORK STATE DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ALBANY F/G 13/2
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. HEMLOCK LAKE DAM, INVENTORY NUMBER--ETC(U)
SEP 79 G KOCH DACW51-79-C-0001
NL

UNCLASSIFIED

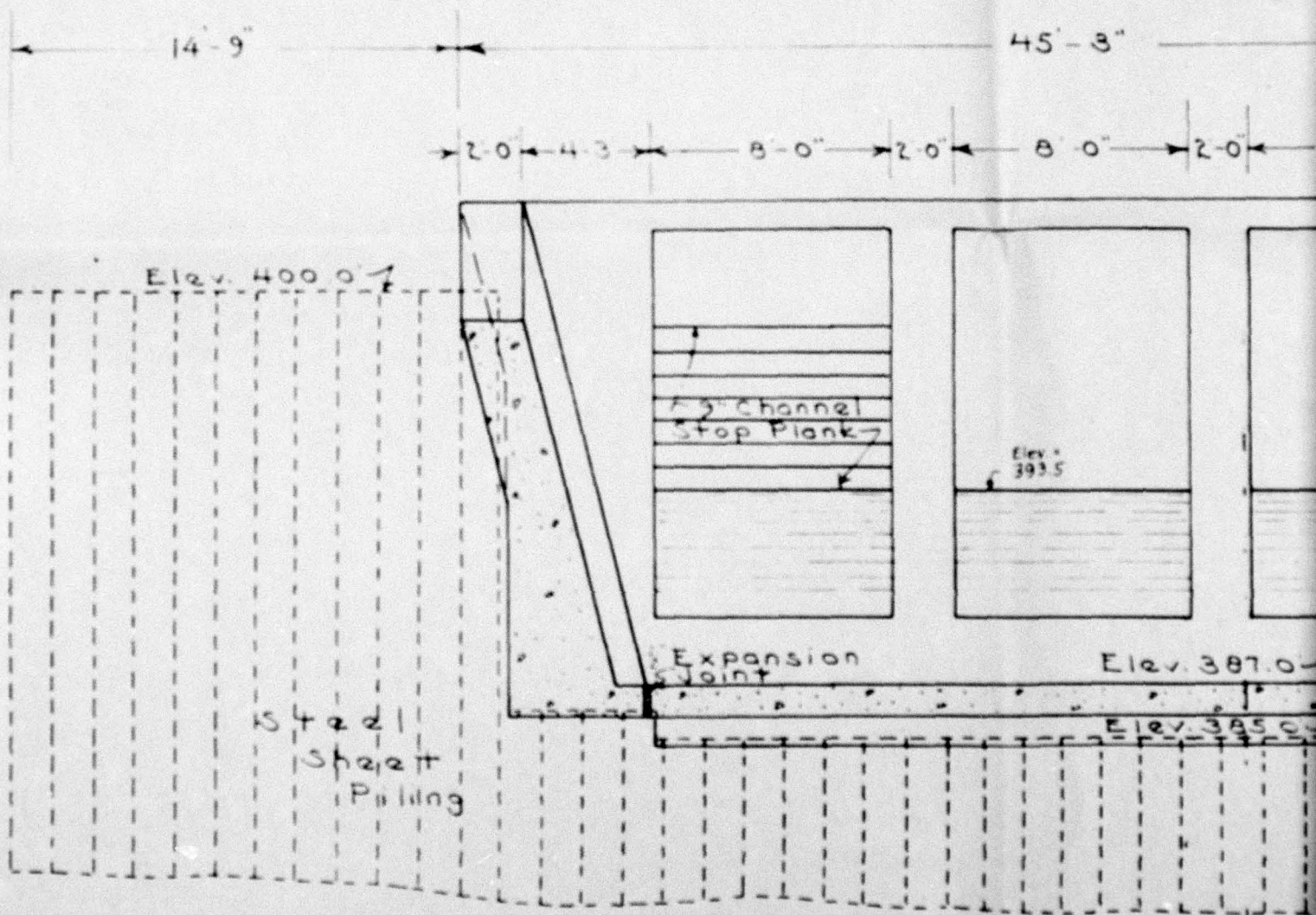
2 OF 2
AD
A075858



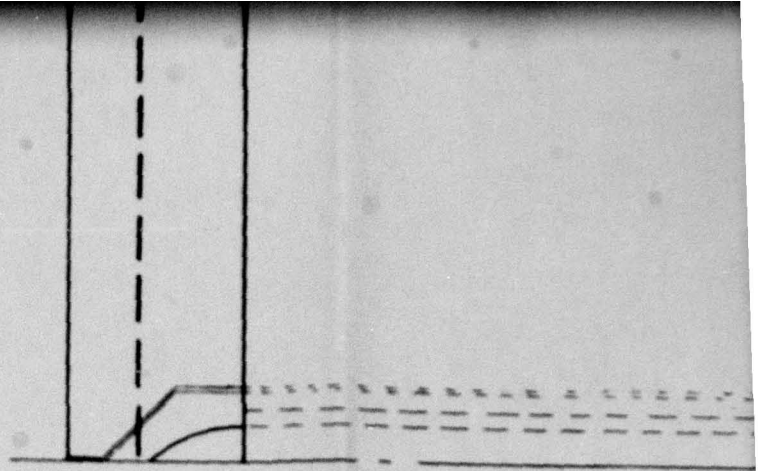
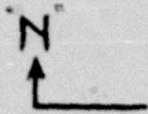
END
DATE
FILMED

11-79
DDC

4

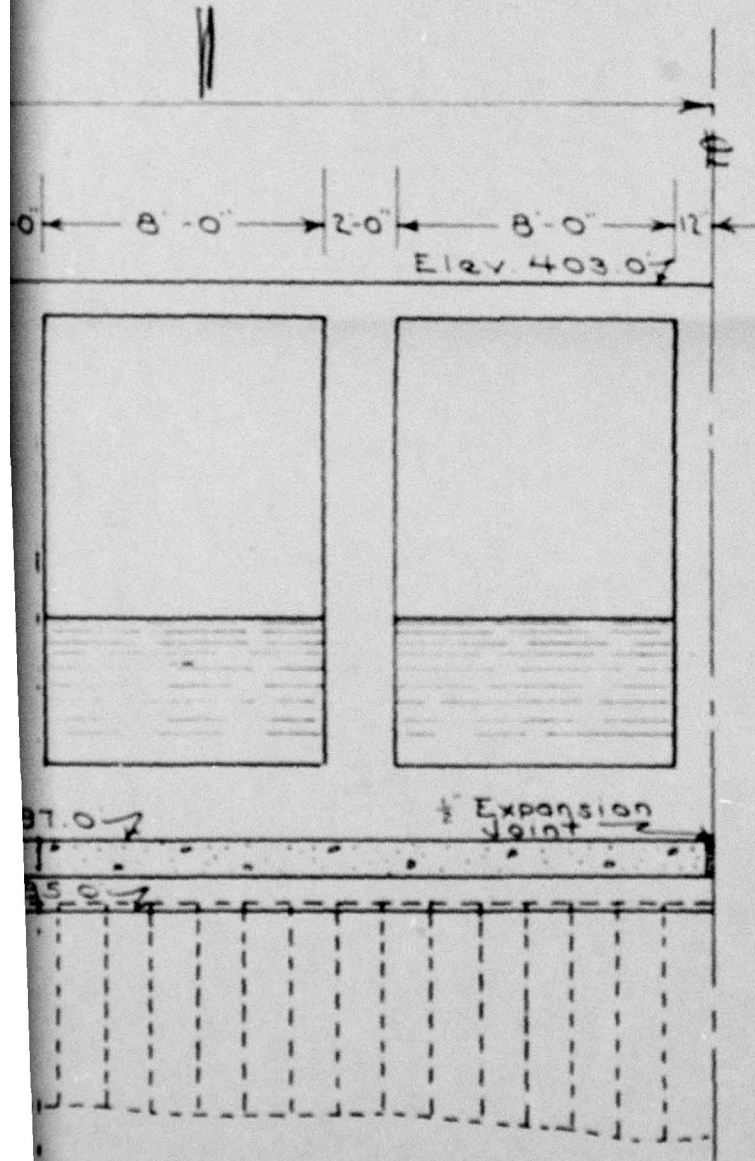


Section "M-M" East Half

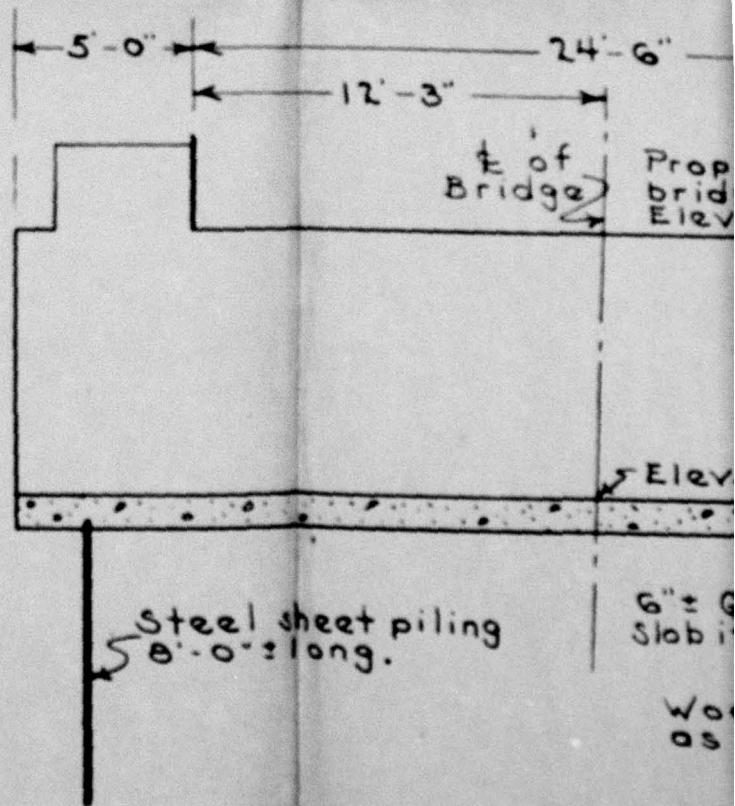


5

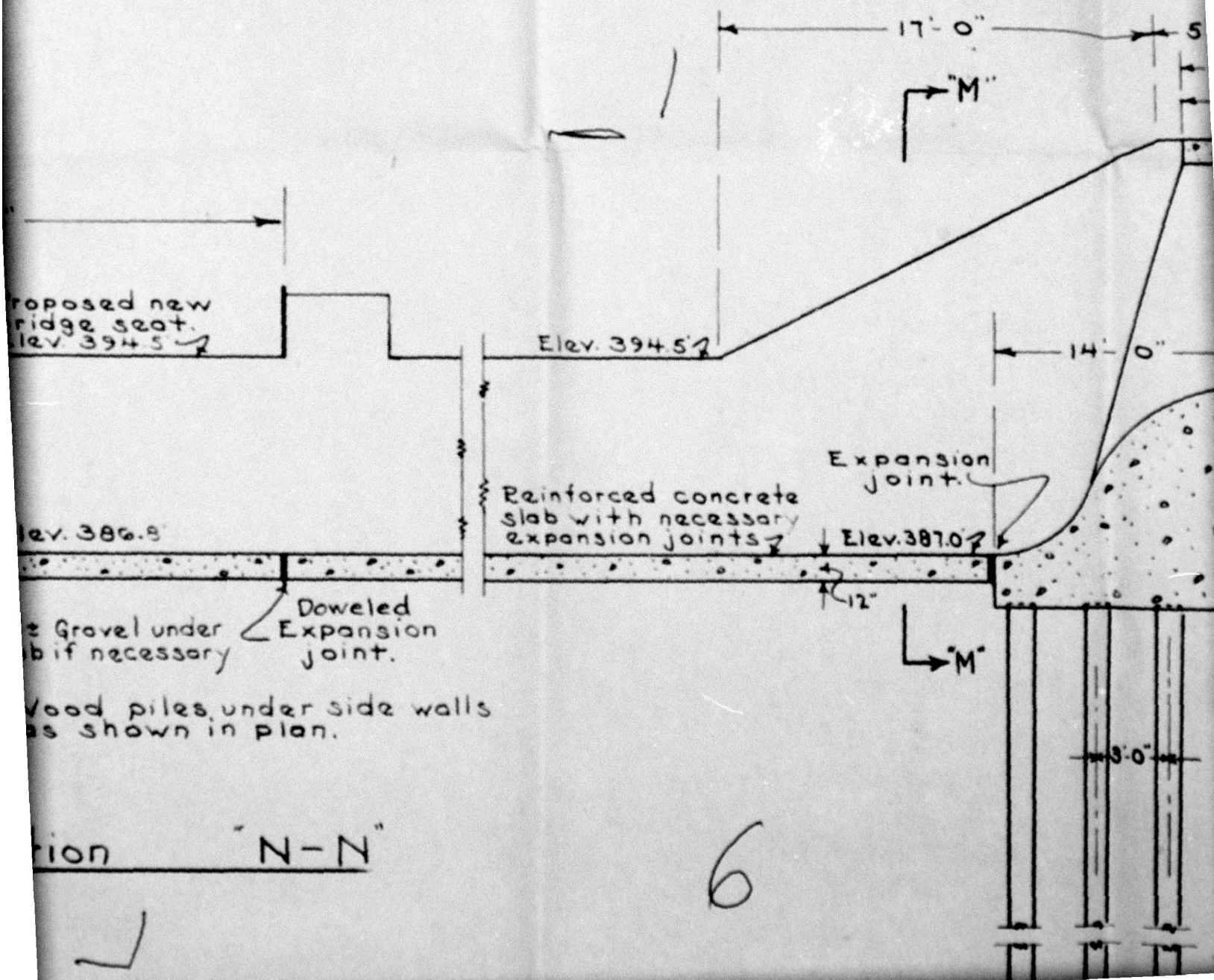
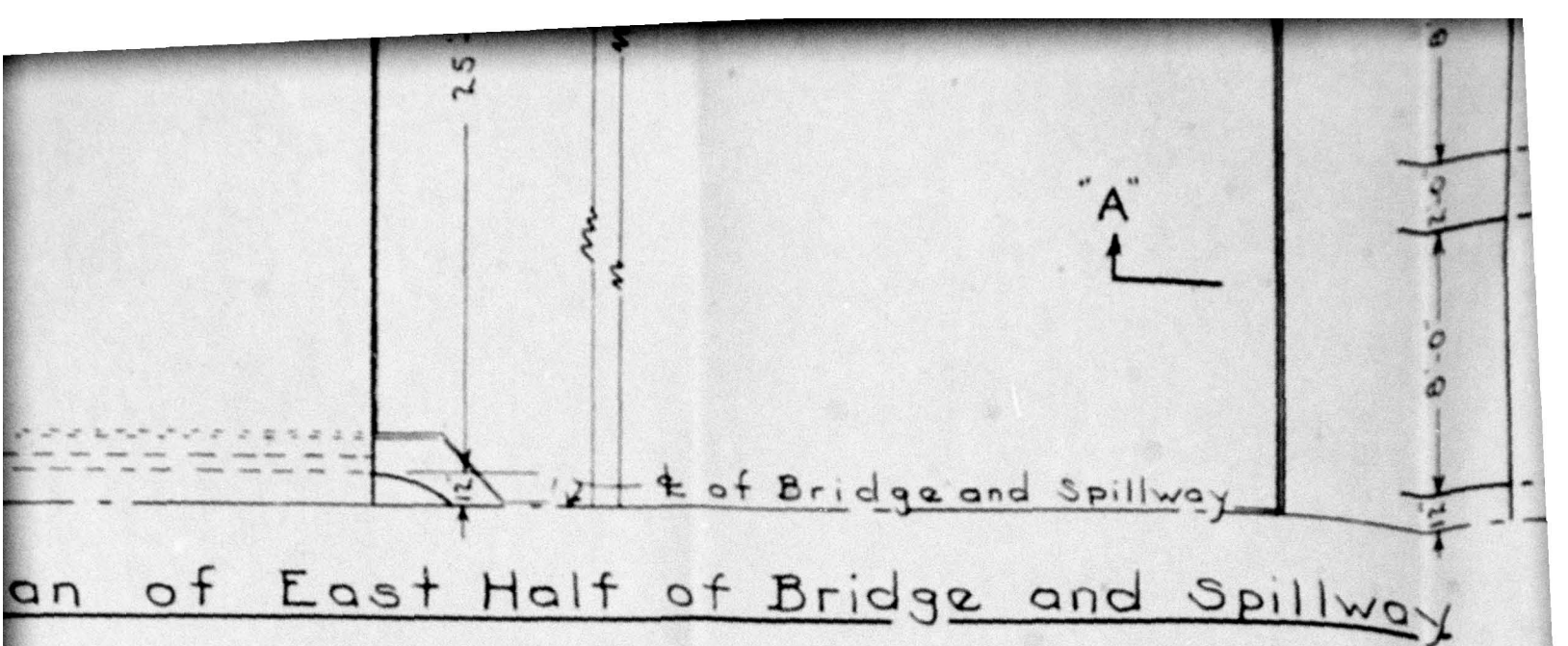
Plan

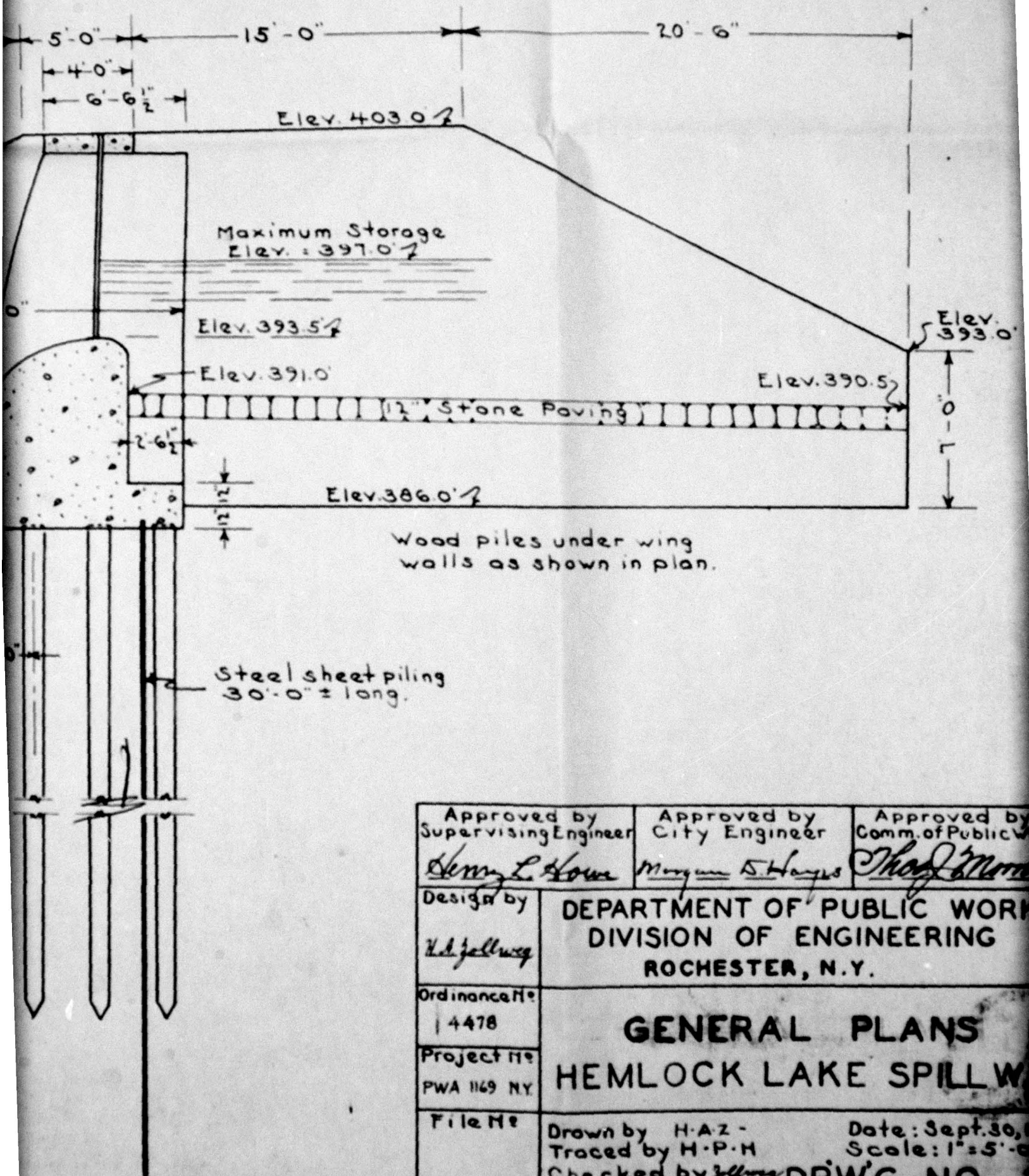


f of Spillway



Longitudinal Section

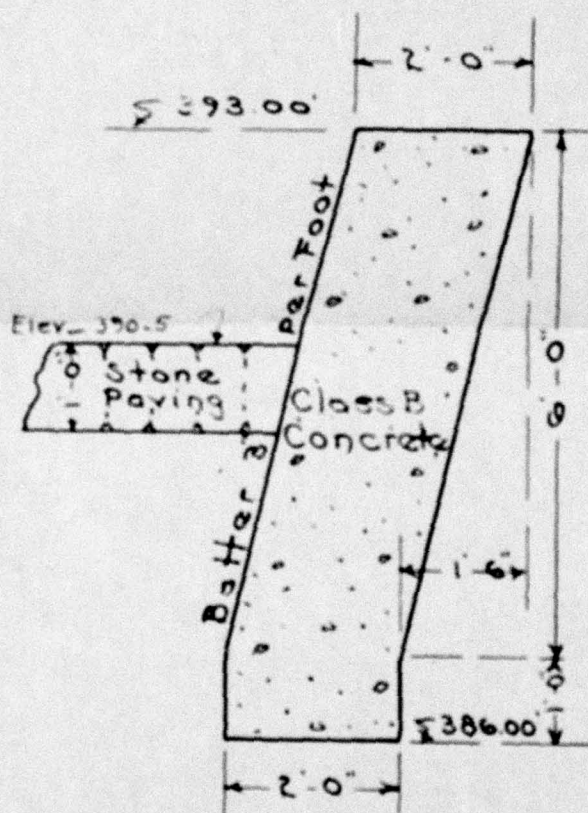




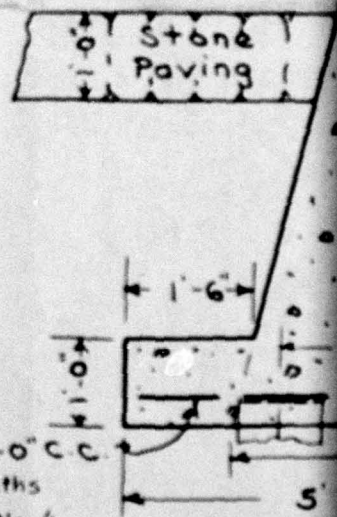
Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Henry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Maryann S. Hayes</i>	Approved by Comm. of Public Works <i>Thos. J. Morris</i>
Design by <i>H. J. Jellison</i>	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ROCHESTER, N.Y.	
Ordinance No. 4478	GENERAL PLANS HEMLOCK LAKE SPILLWAY	
Project No. PWA 1169 N.Y.		
File No.	Drawn by H.A.Z. Traced by H.P.H. Checked by <i>J. J. Jellison</i> Approved by <i>H. J. Jellison</i>	Date: Sept. 30, 1919 Scale: 1" = 5'-0"

DRWG. NO. 1

5



Section "B-B"

secti

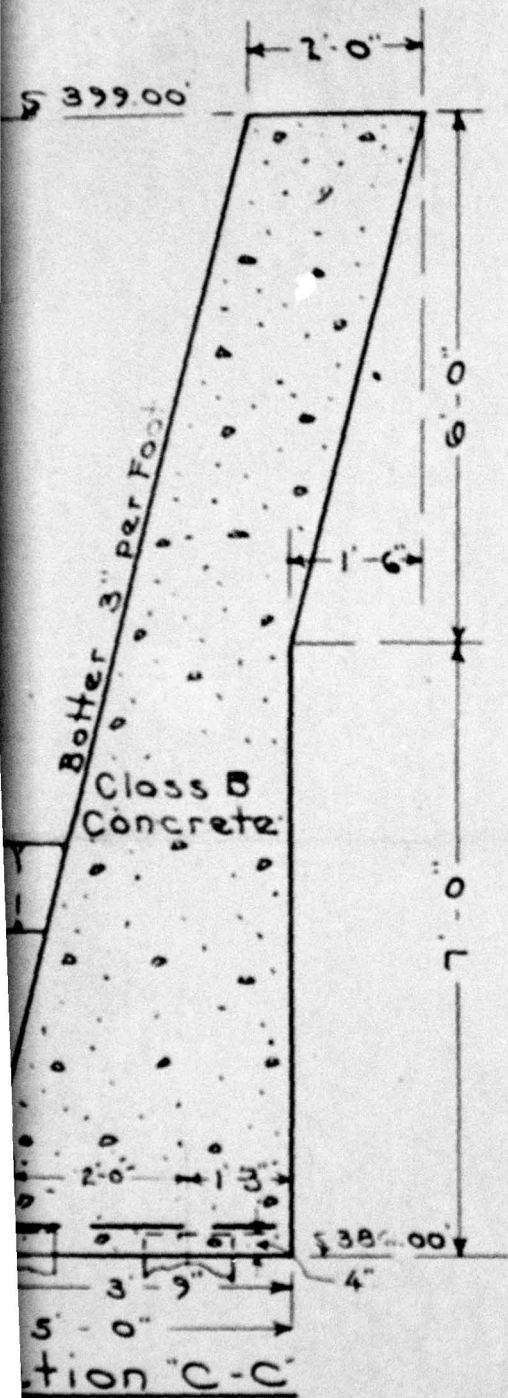
3/4" Φ Bars 1'-0" C.C.
Various Lengths
See Dwg. No. 4

List of Straight Bars

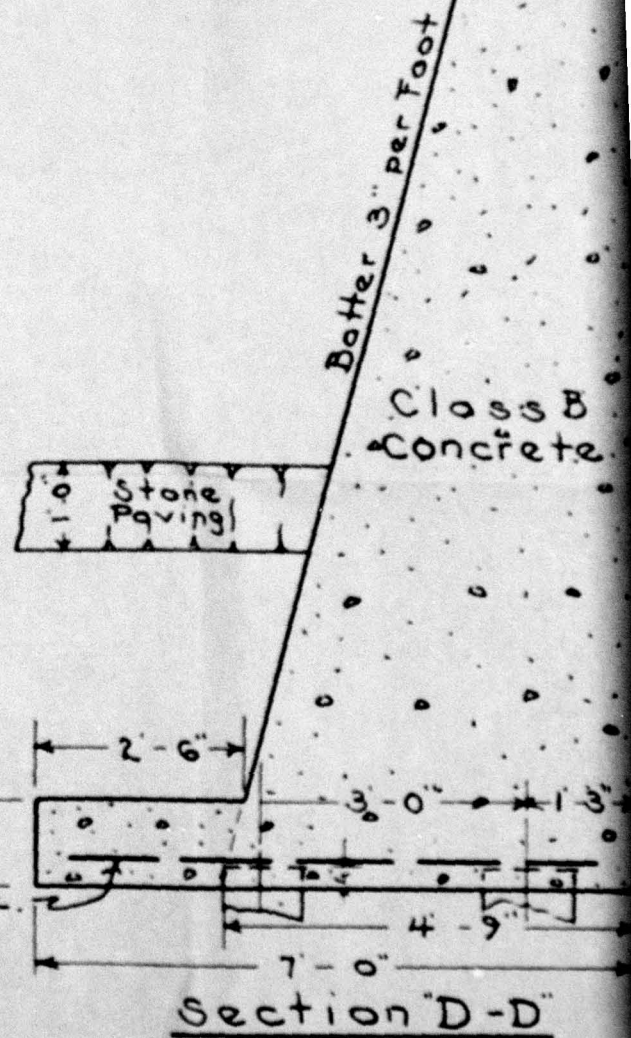
No.	Size	Length	Location	Remarks
78	$\frac{1}{2}$ " Φ	3'-6"	Spillway Footing	
117	do	13'-8"	" "	
23	do	77'-8"	" "	
30	$\frac{3}{4}$ " Φ	5'-9"	Spillway Wing Walls	
24	do	Misc.	" " "	93.0 Lin. ft.

$\frac{1}{2}$ * Bars 5" C.to
 Alternate
 { 1 - MK A
 { 1 - Straight 10'-0" long
 For End Span Use
 Alternate of

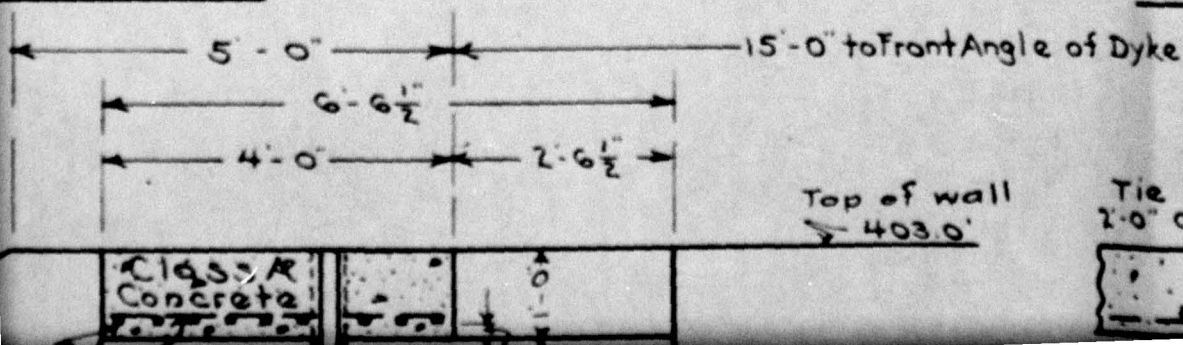
2



5 397.00 Max Storage

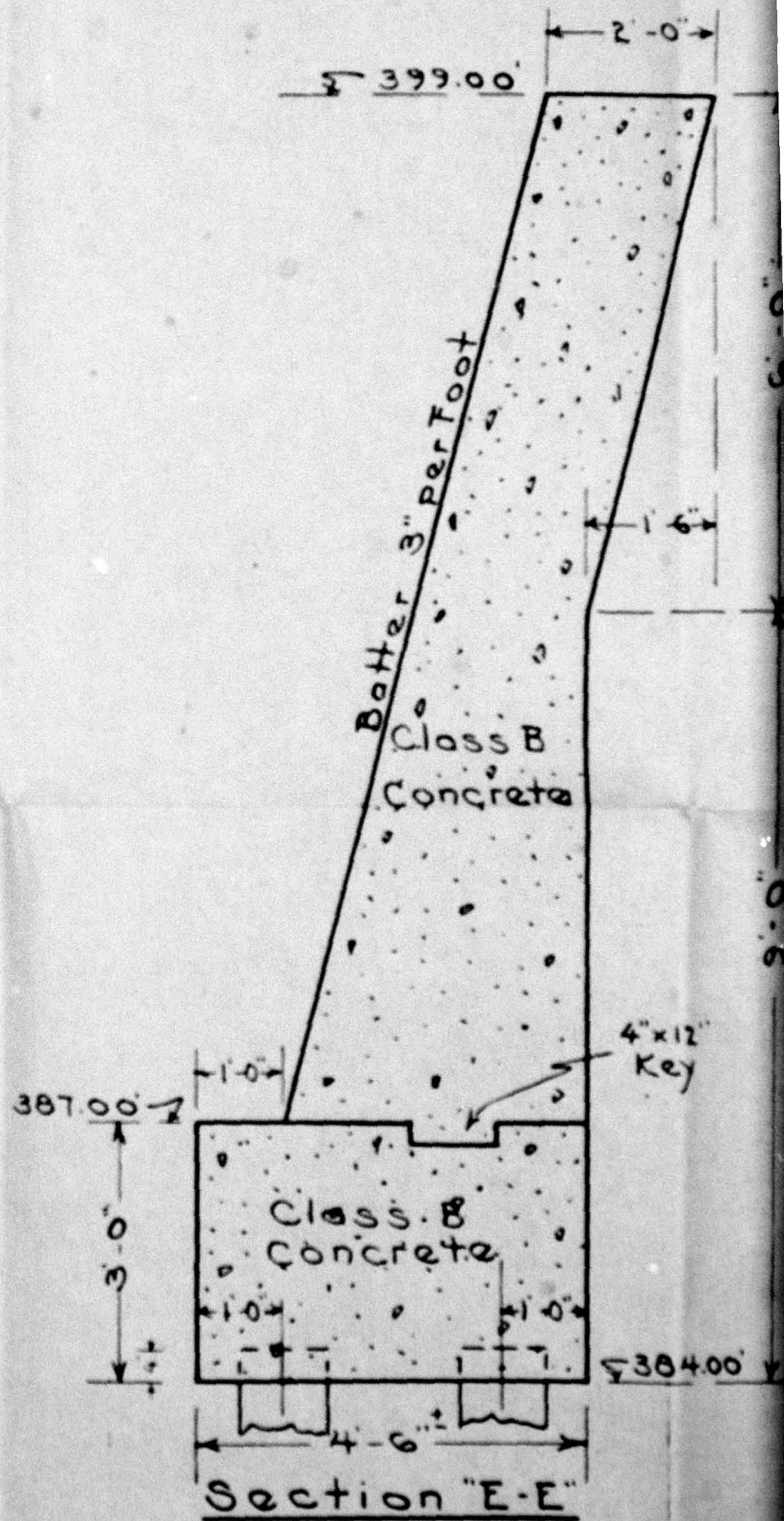
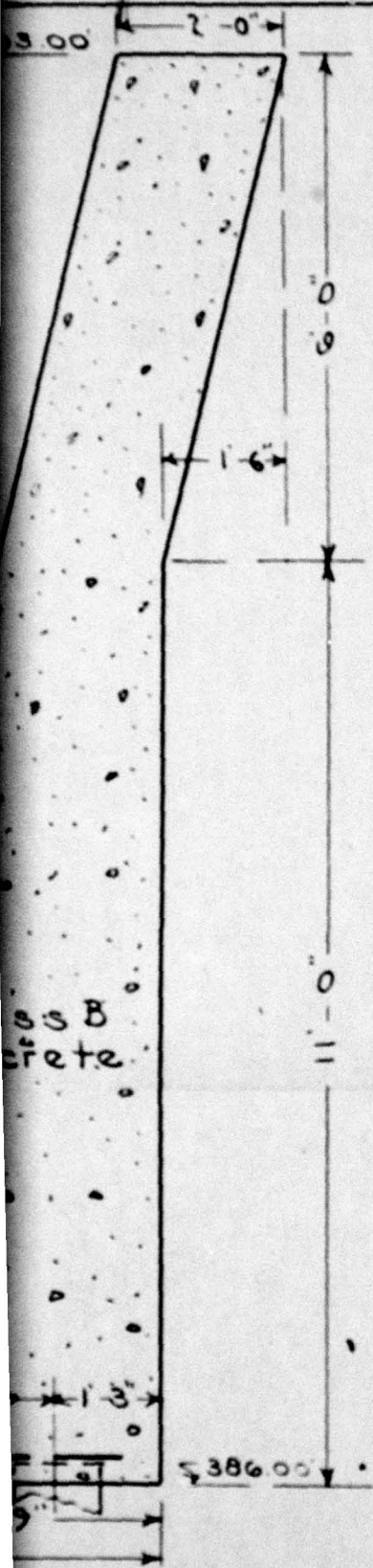


3/4" Bars 1'-0" C.C.
5'-9" long



Tie Rods
2'-0" C.C.

1/2" #8
1 M.A.



1/2" Bar 5" C.C. Alternate
 MK "A" and 1-Straight 10'-0" long

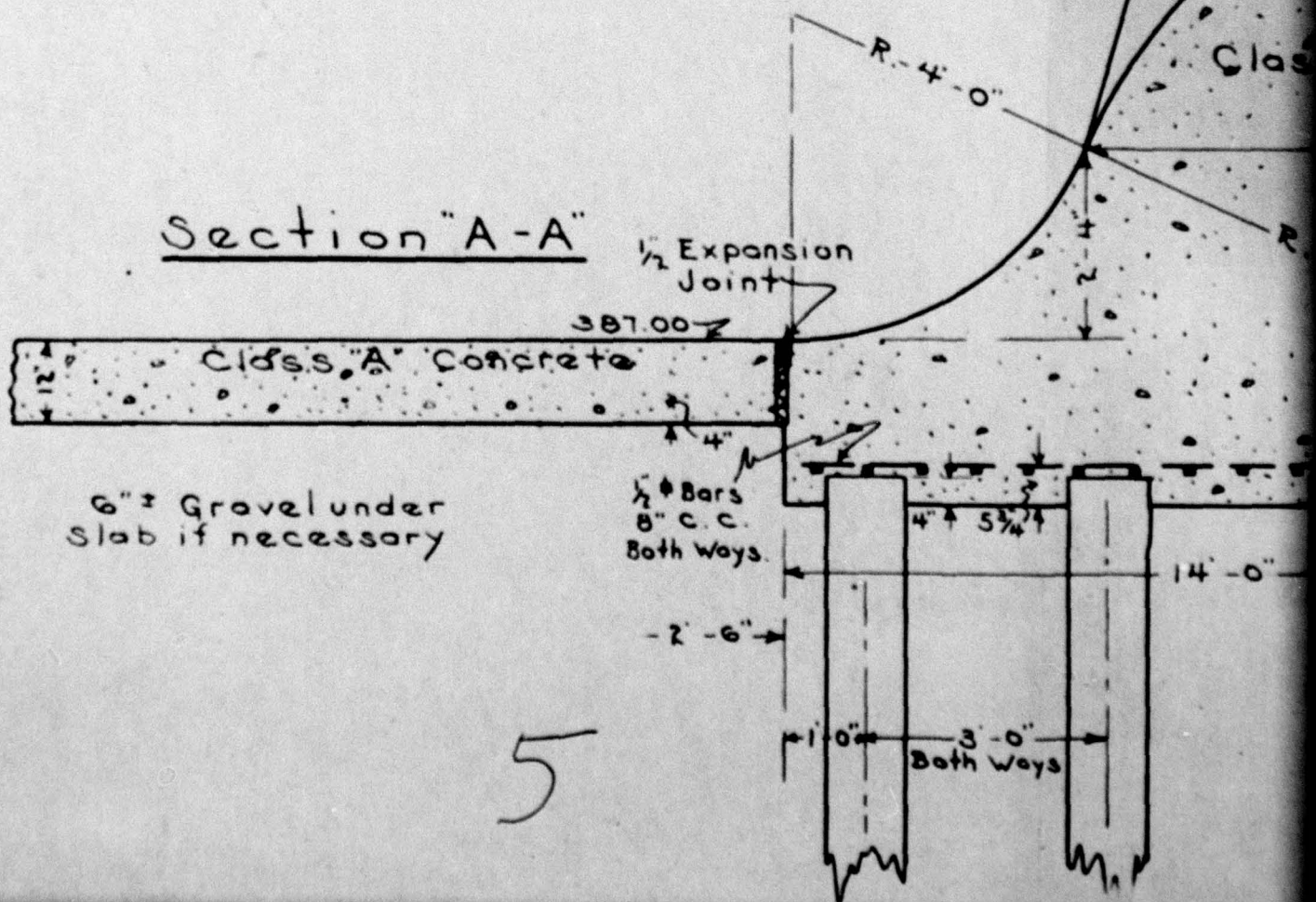
Class A Concrete

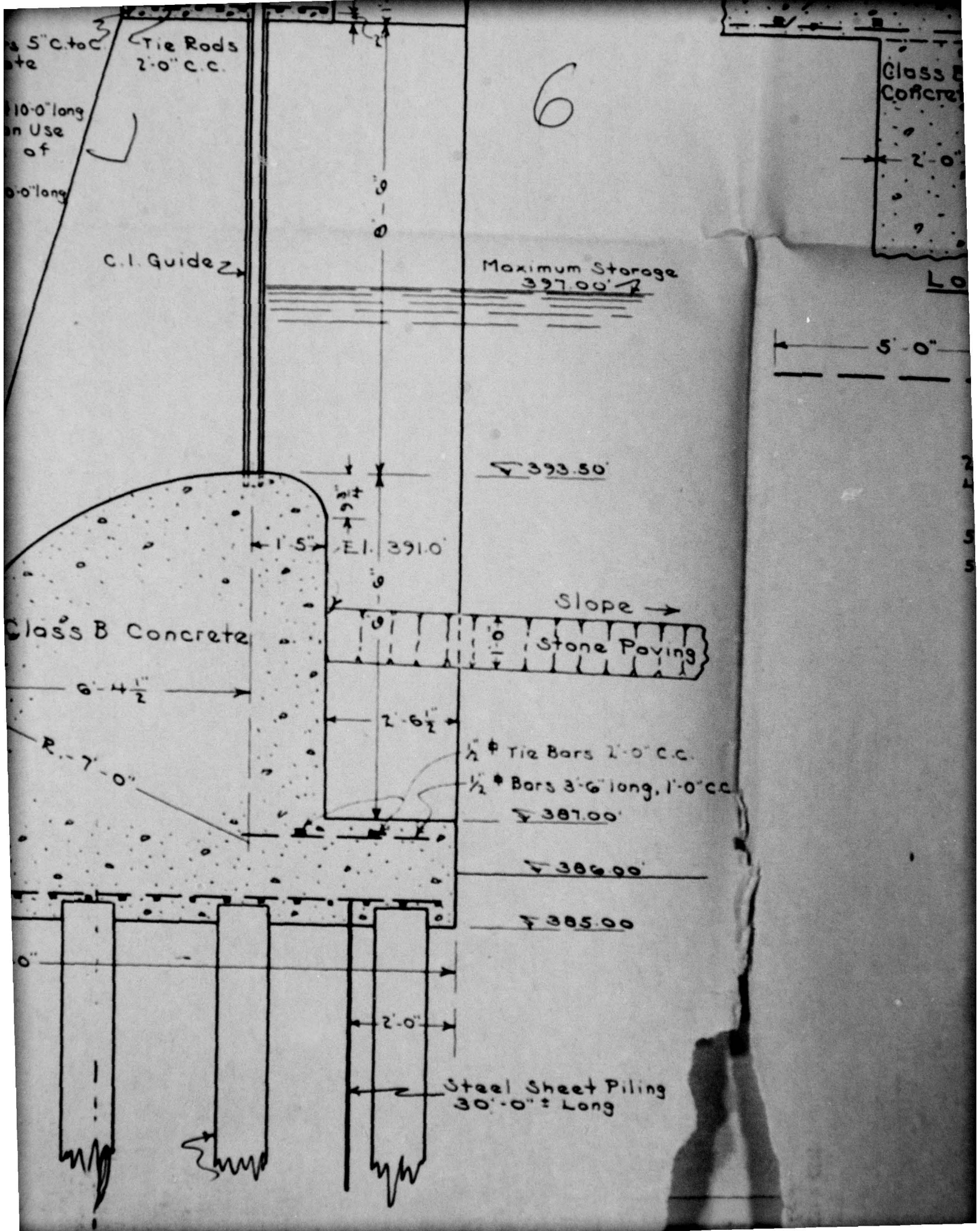
403.00 Tie Rods 2'-0" c.c.

No.	Size	Length	Location	Remarks
78	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	3'-6"	Spillway Footing	
117	do	13'-8"	" "	
23	do	77'-8"	" "	
30	$\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ	5'-9"	Spillway Wing Walls	
24	do	Misc.	" " "	93.0 Lin. ft.
120	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	Channel Floor	Slip-dowels
400	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	" "	Const. Joint Dowels
100	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	Concrete Apron	Slip-dowels
400	$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ	2'-0"	" "	Const. Joint Dowels

$\frac{1}{2}$ " ϕ Bars 5" C.C.
 Alternate
 { 1-MK. 'A'
 1-Straight 10'-0" long
 For End Span Use
 Alternate of
 { 1-MK. 'B'
 1-Straight 10'-0" long

Note: Bar List for Spillway Walk on Dwg. No. 3
 Bar List for Bridge Structure on Dwg. No. 5





5'-0" long
on Use
of
5'-0" long

Tie Rods
2'-0" C.C.

6

Class B
Concrete

2'-0"

C.I. Guide

Maximum Storage
397.00

5'-0"

393.50

1'-5" El. 391.0

Slope →

Stone Paving

Class B Concrete

6'-4 1/2"

2'-6 1/2"

1/2" # Tie Bars 2'-0" C.C.

1/2" # Bars 3'-6" long, 1'-0" C.C.

387.00

386.00

385.00

2'-0"

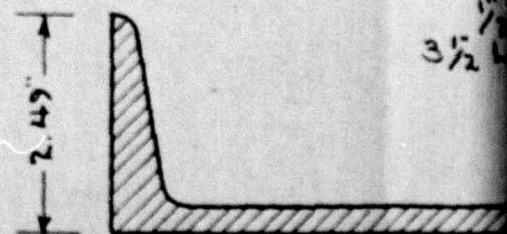
Steel Sheet Piling
30'-0" ± Long



7



- 24 - $\frac{1}{2}$ # Bars 16' - 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ Long MK. "A"
40 - $\frac{1}{2}$ # Bars 10' - 0" Long - Straight.
9 - $\frac{1}{2}$ # Bars 3' - 8" Long - Straight
56 - $\frac{1}{2}$ # Bars 1' - 1" Long - Straight
56 - $\frac{1}{2}$ # Bars 2' - 2" Long - Straight



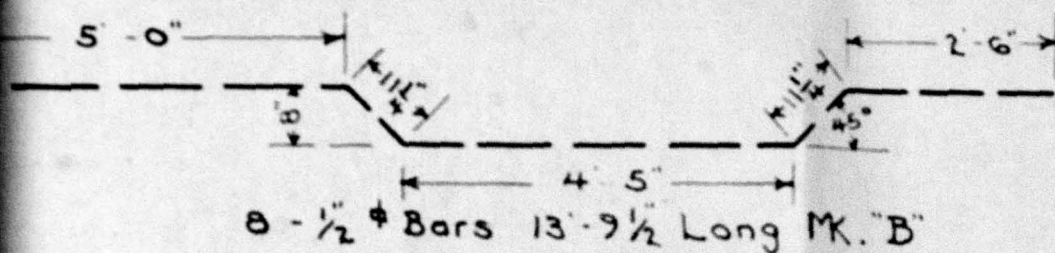
Scale: $\frac{1}{2}$ Full size

16 Guides 9'-9" long required

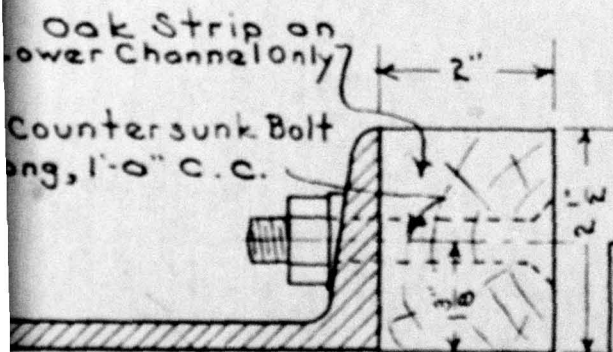
Tie Rods 2'-0" c.c.

Class B Concrete

Longitudinal Section of Sidewalk
End Span



8



Scale: 1/2" = 1'-0"; otherwise as noted

9" Channel 8'-3" long.

56 Required

Approved by Supervising Engineer <i>Henry L. Howe</i>	Approved by City Engineer <i>Morgan Stayer</i>	Approved by Comm of Public Works <i>Thos. Morris</i>
Design by <i>H. A. Jolly</i>	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION OF ENGINEERING ROCHESTER, N.Y.	
Ordinance No. 4478	HEMLOCK LAKE SPILLWAY SECTIONS AND DETAILS	
Project No. PWA 1169 N.Y.	Drawn by <i>H. A. Jolly</i> Traced by <i>H. P. H.</i> Checked by <i>Jolly</i> Approved by <i>Edwards</i>	
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